



## LLB (3 Years) Study Scheme/Course Content

Code	Paper	Project (30)	External (70)	Total (100)
<b>Semester-I</b>				
LLB-101	<b>Comp.</b> Jurisprudence	30	70	100
LLB-102	<b>Comp.</b> Law of Torts with Consumer Protection Law	30	70	100
LLB-103	<b>Comp.</b> Law of Contract-I	30	70	100
LLB-104	<b>Comp.</b> Family Law-I (Hindu Law)	30	70	100
LLB-105	General English and Legal Writing	30	70	100
LLB-106	Fundamentals of Computer	30	70	100
<b>Semester-II</b>				
LLB-201	<b>Comp.</b> Law of Contract-II	30	70	100
LLB-202	<b>Comp.</b> Law of Crimes-I (Penal Code)	30	70	100
LLB-203	<b>Opt.</b> Insurance Law	30	70	100
LLB-204	<b>Comp.</b> Family Law-II (Muslim Law)	30	70	100
LLB-205	<b>Comp.</b> Constitutional Law of India-I	30	70	100
<b>Semester-III</b>				
LLB-301	<b>Comp.</b> Law of Crimes-II (Criminal Procedure Code)	30	70	100
LLB-302	<b>Comp.</b> Company Law	30	70	100
LLB-303	<b>Comp.</b> Law of Civil Procedures	30	70	100
LLB-304	<b>Comp.</b> Labour Law-I	30	70	100
LLB-305	<b>Clin.</b> Drafting, Pleading & Conveyance	30	70	100



<b>Semester-IV</b>				
LLB-401	<b>Comp.</b> Law of Evidence	30	70	100
LLB-402	<b>Comp.</b> Administrative Law	30	70	100
LLB-403	<b>Comp.</b> Constitutional Law of India-II	30	70	100
LLB-404	<b>Opt.</b> Law of Right to Information	30	70	100
LLB-405	<b>Clin.</b> Arbitration and Alternative Dispute Resolution System	30	70	100
<b>Semester-V</b>				
LLB-501	<b>Comp.</b> Labour Law-II	30	70	100
LLB-502	<b>Clin.</b> Professional Ethics and Professional Accounting System	30	70	100
LLB-503	<b>Comp.</b> Law of Transfer of Property	30	70	100
LLB-504	<b>Opt.</b> Intellectual Property Law	30	70	100
LLB-505	<b>Opt.</b> Women & Law	30	70	100
<b>Semester-VI</b>				
LLB-601	<b>Comp.</b> Environmental Law	30	70	100
LLB-602	<b>Clin.</b> Moot Court Exercise & Internship 30+30+30+10 = 100	-	-	100
LLB-603	<b>Opt.</b> Taxation Law	30	70	100
LLB-604	<b>Opt.</b> Human Rights Law	30	70	100
LLB-605	<b>Opt.</b> Cyber Law	30	70	100



<b><sup>1</sup>Semester-I</b>	
<b>LLB-101: Jurisprudence</b>	
	<b>Objective:</b> To develop in the students the understanding of law, its sources, purpose and various contexts of legal education
UNIT -I	Meaning and nature of 'Jurisprudence' - Purpose and value of Jurisprudence -Schools of Jurisprudence: Natural law, Imperative Theory, Legal Realism, Historical School, Sociological School
UNIT -II	Functions and purpose of law, questions of law, fact and discretion - Justice and its kinds - Civil and Criminal Administration of Justice - Theories of Punishment and Secondary functions of the Court
UNIT -III	Sources of Law: Legislation, Precedent and Custom - A Comparative study
UNIT -IV	Legal Concepts: Right and Duty, Kinds, Meaning of Right in its wider sense -Possession: Idea of Ownership, kinds of Ownership, Difference between Possession.
UNIT-V	Ownership - Nature of Personality, Status of the Unborn, Minor, Lunatic, Drunken and Dead Persons.
	<b>Suggested Readings:</b> Fitzgerald - Salmond on Jurisprudence R W M Dias - Jurisprudence <b>Additional Readings:</b> W Friedman - Legal Theory V D Mahajan - Jurisprudence and Legal Theory Paton - Jurisprudence Edgar Bodenheimer - Jurisprudence
<b>LLB-102: Law of Torts with Consumer Protection Law</b>	
	<b>Objectives:</b> To study the principles of Tortious liability, the defences available in an action for torts, the capacity of parties to sue and be sued and matters connection there with
UNIT -I	Evolution of law of torts- Nature and scope of law of torts- Meaning- Torts distinguished from Contract- Crime- Development of Ubi jus ibiRemedium- Mental elements-Intention, Motive, Malice in Law and in Fact.
UNIT -II	General Defences, Vicarious Liability.
UNIT -III	Negligence; Nuisance; Absolute and Strict liability. Legal RemediesAwards- Remoteness of damage.
UNIT -IV	Torts against person: Torts affecting body- Assault, Battery, Mayhem and False Imprisonment; Torts affecting reputation-Libel and Slander, Torts affecting freedom-Malicious Prosecution, Malicious Civil Action and Abuse of Legal Process, Torts affecting domestic and other rights Marital Rights, Parental Rights, Rights to Service, Contractual Rights, Intimidation and Conspiracy. Torts against property.
UNIT -V	Consumer Protection Act, 1986 Definition - Consumer Protection Councils, Consumer Dispute. Redressal Agencies - Establishment, Jurisdiction, Procedure, Orders.



	<p><b>Suggested Readings:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Ratanlal and Dhirajlal, Law of Torts, Nagpur:Wadhwa and co.</li> <li>2. Singh Gurubax, Law of Consumer Protection, Jaipur: Bharat Law Publications</li> </ol> <p><b>Additional Readings:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Winfield and Jolowicz, Tort London: Sweet and Maxwell</li> <li>2. Hepple and Mathews, Tort: Cases and Materials, London :Butterworths</li> <li>3. BaxiUpendra and DandaAmita, Valiant victims and Lethal Litigation-The</li> <li>4. Bhopal Case, 1990 Bombay M Tripathi Pvt., Ltd., 1990 Salmond, On Torts.</li> <li>5. Avtar Singh - The law of torts</li> <li>6. D. N. Saraf - Law of consumer protection in India</li> <li>7. Gurbax Singh : Law of Consumer Protection</li> </ol>	
<b>LLB-103: Law of Contract-I</b>		
	<p><b>Objective:</b></p> <p>To introduce the students to the basic principles governing contracts and lay a powerful foundation for their study of other transactional and related laws in higher semesters.</p>	
UNIT -I	<p>History - Formation of Contract - Agreement and Contract - Definitions - Classification Offer and Acceptance - Communication - Revocation - Essential elements - Invitation to Offer - Tenders. Consideration - NudumPactum - Essential elements - Privity of Contract and of Consideration Exceptions - Unlawful Consideration and its effect. - Contractual Ability - Electronic Documents as Web Pages – Digital Certificates as Entry Passes - Time and Place of Contract – Secured Custody of Electronic Records.</p>	
UNIT -II	<p>Capacity to Contract - Minor's Agreements and its effects – Persons of unsound mind - Persons disqualified by Law. Free Consent - Coercion - Undue influence - Misrepresentation - Fraud - Mistake - Legality of Object - Void Agreements – Agreements against Public Policy - Wagering Agreements - Its exceptions - Contingent Contracts.</p>	
UNIT -III	<p>Discharge of Contracts and its various Modes - by performance – Time and place of performance - Performance of reciprocal promises - Appropriation of Payments - Discharge by Agreement - By operation of Law - By frustration (Impossibility of Performance) - By Breach (Anticipatory and Actual).</p>	
UNIT -IV	<p>Remedies for Breach of Contracts - Damages - Remoteness of damages - Ascertainment of damages - injunction - When granted and when refused- Restitution - Specific performance when granted – Quasi Contracts.</p>	
UNIT -V	<p>The Specific Relief Act Nature of Specific Relief - Recovery of Possession of movable and immovable Property Specific performance when granted and not granted - Who may obtain and against whom Discretionary remedy - Power of Court to grant relief - Rectification of instruments - Cancellation – Declaratory decrees - Preventive relief - Temporary injunctions - Perpetual and mandatory injunctions. Government as a contracting party: Constitutional provisions - Government powers to contract Procedural requirements - Kinds of Government Contracts, their usual clauses, performance of such contract, settlement of disputes and remedies.</p>	
	<p><b>Suggested Readings:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Avtar Singh, Law of Contracts</li> <li>2. Avtar Singh, Specific Relief Act</li> </ol> <p><b>Additional Readings:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Pollock &amp;Mulla, Indian Contract Act</li> <li>2. P. S. Atiya, Introduction to the Law of Contract</li> <li>3. G. C. Cheshire, Law of Contract</li> <li>4. William Anson, Law of Contract</li> <li>5. Henry Maine, Ancient Law</li> </ol>	



<b>LLB-104: Family Law-I (Hindu Law)</b>	
	<p><b>Objectives:</b> This course is designed to endow the students with knowledge of both the codified and uncodified portions of Hindu law. The course concerns itself with the sources, schools, institutions, succession, maintenance, menace of dowry, etc.</p>
UNIT -I	Introduction - Concept of Dharma - Sources of Hindu Law - Modern and Ancient - Importance of Dharma Shastra on Legislation - Two Principal Schools of Hindu Law - Application of Hindu Law.
UNIT -II	Marriage and Kinship - Evolution of the Institution of Marriage and Family- Law Prior to Hindu Marriage Act -A detailed study of Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 -Matrimonial Remedies Maintenance and Alimony. Customary Practices and legislative provisions relating to dowry prohibition.
UNIT -III	Hindu undivided family - Mitakshara Joint Family - Formation and Incidents - Property under both Schools - Kartha: His Position, Powers, Privileges and Obligations - Debts - Doctrine of Pious Obligation - Partition and Reunion -Religious and Charitable Endowment.
UNIT -IV	Inheritance and Succession - Historical perspective of traditional Hindu Law relating to Inheritance - A detailed study of Hindu Succession Act, 1956. Stridhana- Woman's Property - Recent State and Central Amendments to Hindu Succession Act Gifts and Testamentary Succession - Wills.
UNIT -V	Law relating to Hindu Minority and Guardianship: Kinds of Guardians: Duties & Powers of Guardians. A detailed study of Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act, 1956. Maintenance: Traditional Rights and Rights under Hindu Adoption & Maintenance Act 1956.
	<p><b>Suggested Readings:</b> ParasDiwan - Modern Hindu Law <b>Additional Readings:</b> John D. Mayne - Hindu Law Usages Mulla - Principles of Hindu Law ParasDiwan - Law of Adoption, Ministry Guardianship's custody J. D. M. Derrett - Hindu Law - Past and Present</p>
<b>LLB-105: General English and Legal Writing</b>	
	<p><b>Objectives:</b> This course aims at familiarizing the learner with English language and using English for writing legal documents.</p>
UNIT -I	Need and Importance of Legal Language Proficiency in General English Parts and Types of Sentences
UNIT -II	Parts of Speech – A Brief Introduction Tenses: Forms and Use
UNIT -III	Active and Passive Voice Direct and Indirect (or Reported) Speech Some Common Mistakes in English Legal Terminology
UNIT -IV	Meaning and use of the following legal terms shall be explained- Ab Initio, Ad Idem, Ad Infinitum, Ad Nauseam, Ad Valorem, Alibi, Ambiguitas Latens,



	Ambiguitas Patens, Amicus Curiae, Animus Possidendi, Audi Alteram Partem, Bonafide, Caveat Emptor, De Facto, De Jure, De Novo, Ejusdem Generis, Ex Gratia, Ex Parte, Ex Post Facto, Factum Valet, Fait Accompli, Fiat Justitia, Inter Alia, In Limine, Jus Ad Rem, Jus In Personam, Letter Rogatory, Locus Standi, Malafide, Modus Operandi, Mutatis Mutandis, Nudum Pactum, Obiter, Onus Probandi, Parens Patriae, Pari Passu, Per Incuriam, Prima Facie, Pro Bono Publico, Quid Pro Quo, Ratio Decidendi, Raison D'etre, Res Integre, Res Nullius, Sine Qua Non, Intra-Vires, Ultra Vires,	
UNIT -V	Translation of passages from English to Hindi and from Hindi to English.	
UNIT -VI	Précis Writing in English	
<b>LLB-106: Fundamentals of Computer</b>		
	<b>Objective:</b> To impart basic knowledge of computer and other information technology tools with application of the same in real life situations and Legal Profession.	
UNIT -I	<b>Introduction to Computers</b> <b>Hardware and Software:</b> Basic Components, Memory, Input-Output Devices, Communication and other modern IT devices, Types of Software and Packages, Utilities, Operating System, Functions of OS, Types. Programming Languages, Assemblers, Translators, Compilers	
UNIT -II	<b>Working with Windows</b> Windows Operating System, Desktop, Types of Windows, Working with Menus, Folders and Files Handling, Accessories	
UNIT -III	<b>MS-Office</b> MS-Word, MS-Excel, MS-Access.	
UNIT -IV	<b>Business Presentations</b> Creating presentations and slide shows using MS-Power Point	
UNIT -V	<b>Networking</b> Concept, Importance, Types, Topologies, Devices-Switches, Routers, Hub, Working on Distributed System.	
UNIT -VI	<b>Internet</b> World Wide Web, Search Engine, e-mail, Business Applications of Internet.	
	<b>Suggested Readings:</b> 1. Introduction to Information Technology: Rajaraman, PHI 2. Fundamentals of Computers 4/E: Rajaraman, PHI 3. Fundamentals of Computers: P. Mohan, Himalaya 4. Information Technology: Dennis P. Curtin, McGraw Hill International 5. Raymond Green Law: Fundamentals of the Internet, Tata McGraw Hill	

## Semester - II

### LLB-201: Law of Contract-II

	<b>Objectives:</b> The student should acquaint himself with the knowledge of special contracts also, apart from equipping himself with general principles of contract. This law is contained in several legislations apart from the Indian Contract Act. This course equips the students to better appreciate the legal services required in a corporate office so that he can enhance his relevance as a lawyer in society.	
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UNIT -I	<p>Contract of Indemnity (Sec 124-147) Documents, Agreements of Indemnity - Definition, Nature and Scope Rights of indemnity holder - Commencement of the indemnifier's liability - Contract of Guarantee - Definition, Nature and Scope - Difference between contract of indemnity and Guarantee - Rights of surety - Discharge of Surety - Extent of Surety's liability - Co-surety. Contract of Bailment - Definition - Kinds - Duties of Bailor and Bailee - Rights of Finder of goods as Bailee - Liability towards true owner - Rights to dispose off the goods. Contract of pledge - Definition - Comparison with Bailment - Rights and duties of Pawnor and Pawnee.</p>	
UNIT -II	<p>Agency (Sec. 182 to 238) Definition - Creation of Agency - Kinds of Agents - Distinction between Agent and Servant - Rights and Duties of Agent - Relation of Principal with third parties - Delegation Duties and Rights of Agent - Extent of Agents authority - Personal liability of Agent Termination of Agency.</p>	
UNIT -III	<p>Indian Partnership Act - Definition - Nature, Mode of determining the existence of Partnership - Relation of Partner to one another - Rights and duties of partner - Relation of partners with third parties - Types of partners - Admission of partners - Retirement - Expulsion - Dissolution of Firm - Registration of Firms.</p>	
UNIT -IV	<p>Sale of Goods Act - The Contract of sale - Conditions and Warranties - Passing of property Transfer of title - Performance of the Contract - Rights of Unpaid Seller against goods Remedies for Breach of Contract</p>	
UNIT -V	<p>Bailment and Pledge (Sec. 148-171 and Sec 172-181) Meaning and Distinction, Rights and Duties of Bailor/Bailee, Powner/Pownee. Lien, Termination of Bailment, Commercial utility of pledge transaction</p>	
	<p><b>Suggested Readings:</b> 1. Avtar Singh - Law of Contract 2. J. P. Verma - The Law of Partnership in India 3. Saharay H. K - Indian Partnership and Sale of Goods Act 4. Krishnan Nair - Law of Contract</p> <p><b>Additional Readings:</b> 1. Pollock and Mulla - Indian Contract Act 2. Anson - Law of Contract 3. Avtar Singh - Sale of Goods Act 4. Mulla - Sale of Goods Act 5. S. D. Singh and S. P. Gupta - Law of Partnership</p>	
<b>LLB-202: Law of Crimes-I (Penal Code)</b>		
	<p><b>Objectives:</b> This course is designed to understand the meaning of crime, methods of controlling them and the essential principles of criminal liability by a study of a range of offences under the Indian Penal Code.</p>	
UNIT -I	<p>General Principles of Crime; Conceptions of Crime; Distinction between Crime and other wrongs under common Law - Crime and morality distinction - Circumstances when morality amounts to crime - State's responsibility to detect, control and punish crime. Principles of criminal liability - Actus reus and mens rea (also statutory offences) and other maxims. Variations in liability - Mistake, intoxication, compulsion, legally abnormal persons. Possible parties to the crime: Principal in the I degree; Principal in the II degree; Accessories before the fact; Accessories after the fact. Indian Penal Code: General Explanation, Section 6 - 33 and 39 - 52A; Punishment, Section 53 75- social relevance of Capital Punishment - Alternatives to Capital Punishment - Discretion in awarding punishment and minimum punishment in respect of certain offences with relevance to precedents (Judgments).</p>	
UNIT -II	<p>General Exceptions, Section 76 - 106; Criminal act by several persons or</p>	



	group: Sections 34 38; Abetment - Sections 107 - 120; Criminal Conspiracy - Sections 120A & 120B; Offences against State – Sections 121 - 130; Offences against the public tranquility - Sections 141 - 160; Offences relating to election - Sections 171 A-I 71; Contempt of lawful authority and public servants - Sections 172 - 190; False evidence and offences against public trust - Sections 172229; Offences relating to coins and Government Stamps - Sections 230 - 263A; Offences relating to weights and measures - Sections 260 - 294A; Offences relating to religion Section 295 – 298	
UNIT –III	Offences affecting human life, causing miscarriage, injuries to unborn children,. Exposure of infants, concealment of birth - Hurt, grievous hurt - Wrongful restraint,. Wrong confinement Criminal force and Assault (Sections 299 - 358)	
UNIT –IV	Kidnapping, Abduction - Slavery and forced labour - Rape: custodial rape, marital rape Prevention of immoral traffic,. Prevention of sati – Prohibition of indecent representation of women,. Unnatural offences, theft, robbery and dacoity - Criminal Misappropriation of property, Criminal breach of trust - Receiving of stolen property - Cheating - Fraudulent deeds and disposition of property (Section 378 - 424)	
UNIT –V	Mischief (Sections 425 - 440) ,, Criminal Trespass (Sections 441 - 462) - Offences relating to document and property marks (Sections 463 - 480) - Offences relating to marriage (Sections 493 - 498 A) ,, Defamation (Sections 499 - 502). Criminal intimidation and annoyance and attempt to commit such offences, Sections 506 – 511	
	<p><b>Suggested Readings:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Rathanlal and Dhirajlal- Indian Penal Code</li> <li>2. Kenny's Outlines of English Criminal Law</li> </ol> <p><b>Additional Readings:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. K. D. Gaur - A Text Book on the Indian Penal Code</li> <li>2. P. S. Achuthan Pillai - Criminal Law.</li> <li>3. Glanville Williams - Criminal Law</li> </ol>	
<b>LLB-203: Insurance Law</b>		
	<p><b>Objective:</b></p> <p>The insurance idea is an old-institution of transactional trade. Even from olden days merchants who made great adventures gave money by way of consideration, to other persons who made assurance, against loss their goods. The rates of money consideration were mutually agreed upon. Such an agreement enabled other merchants more willingly and more freely to embark upon further trading adventure.</p> <p>The operational framework of insurance idea is provided by the general principles of contract. The insurance policy, being a contract, is subject to all the judicial interpretative techniques of rule interpretations propounded by the judiciary. Besides, the insurance idea has a compensatory justice component.</p>	
UNIT –I	<p>Definition, nature and history of insurance.</p> <p>Concept of insurance and law of contract and law of torts.</p> <p>History and development of insurance in India.</p> <p>Insurance Regulatory authority- role and functions.</p> <p>Contract of insurance – classification of contract of insurance, nature of various insurance contracts, parties thereto.</p> <p>Principle of good faith-non-disclosure-misrepresentation in insurance contract</p>	
UNIT -II	<p>Insurable interest, the risk, conditions of policy</p> <p>Alternation of the risk, assignment of the subject matter</p> <p>Nature and scope of life insurance</p> <p>Definition, kinds of life insurance</p> <p>The policy and formation of a life insurance contract</p> <p>Circumstances affecting the risk</p> <p>Amount recoverable under the life policy</p>	





UNIT -III	<p>Persons entitled to payment Settlement of claim and payment of money Structural set of the life insurance corporation The motor vehicles act, 1988 Nature and scope, persons governed, definitions of 'use' 'drives' 'motor vehicle' Effect of insolvency or death on claims, insolvency and death on parties, certificate of insurance. Claims tribunal, constitutional, functions application for compensation procedure and powers of claims tribunal its award.</p>
UNIT -IV	<p>Nature and scope Marine insurance Act 1963 Insurable interest, insurable interest Marine insurance policy-condition-express warranties</p>
UNIT -V	<p>Public liability insurance Act, 1991 Objective, purpose and scope No fault liability Medical insurance Act Risk Cover scheme</p>
	<p><b>Case Laws:-</b></p> <p>Chandulal v. I.T. Commissioner, AIR 1967 SC 816 MithulalNayak v. life insurance corporation of India, AIR 1962 SC 814 Reserve Bank of India v. Peerless General Finance and Investment Co. AIR 1987 1023 RajniBai v. New India Assurance, AIR 1956 Bom. 633</p> <p><b>Bibliography:-</b></p> <p>Singh, Bridge anand, New Insurance Law (2000) Union Book Publishers, Allahabad IVamy, Case book on Insurance Law (1984) Butterworths Ivamy, General principles of insurance Law (1993) Butterworths Sreenvasan M.N. Principles of insurance law (1997) Ramaniya Publishers, Bangalore.</p>
<b>LLB-204: Family Law-II (Muslim Law)</b>	
	<p><b>Objectives:</b> The knowledge of family laws is important for lawyers. This course is designed to endow the students with knowledge of both the codified and uncodified portions of Mohammedan Law. The course concerns itself with the sources, schools, institutions, succession, maintenance, menace of dowry, etc. In addition the students have to familiarize themselves with the provisions of the Indian Succession Act.</p>
UNIT -I	<p>Development of Islamic Law: Advent of Islam &amp; development of Muslim Law, Schools of Islamic Law, the Shariat Act, 1937. Concept of Marriage: Definition, object, nature, essential requirements of a Muslim marriage, classification of marriage - Legal effects of valid, void and irregular marriage - Muta marriage; Sources of Islamic law; Customary practices and State regulation: Polygamy; Child marriage; Pre-emption; Wakf; Dower.</p>
UNIT -II	<p>Conversion and its consequences on family: Marriage, Guardianship, Succession. Child and Family: Legitimacy, Custody, maintenance and education, Guardianship and parental rights</p>
UNIT -III	<p>Matrimonial Remedies under Islamic Law and Indian Divorce Act, 1869(Amended Act) Nullity of marriage - Bar to matrimonial relief. Alimony and Maintenance: Alimony and Maintenance as an independent remedy- A review under Muslim law, Indian Divorce Act, 1869, provisions under the Criminal Procedure Code, 1973. Maintenance of divorced Muslim Women under the Muslim Women (Protection of Rights on Divorce) Act, 1986.</p>
UNIT -IV	<p>Will and Inheritance: Will-Meaning, difference between will and gift, Will made in death</p>



	bed or during illness; Muslim law of Inheritance - Shia and Sunni schools. Distribution of property under Indian Succession Act of 1925( Of Christians, Parsis and Jews)- Domicile - Parsis Intestate succession and Non Parsis Intestate succession, Succession certificate, Probate and letters of administration, powers and duties of executor.	
UNIT -V	Wills - Privileged and unprivileged wills - Construction of Wills in brief - Void bequests, void wills, kinds of legacies - Protection of property of the deceased. Family Courts Act, 1984 Constitution, powers, and its functions. Need for Uniform Civil Code- Article 44 of Indian Constitution.	
	<p><b>Suggested Readings:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Mulla - Principles of Mohammedan Law</li> <li>2. ParasDiwan - Law of Intestate and Testamentary Succession</li> <li>3. Reference Books:</li> <li>4. B BMitra - Indian Succession Act, 1925</li> <li>5. A. A Fyzee - Outlines of Mohammedan Law</li> <li>6. D. D Basu - Law of Succession</li> <li>7. ParasDiwan - Family Law: Law of Marriage and Divorce in India</li> <li>8. A M Bhattachargee - Muslim Law and the Constitution</li> <li>9. TahirMohamood - Mohammedan Law.</li> <li>9. Indian Divorce Act, 1869 - Bare Act</li> </ol>	
<b>LLB-205: Constitutional Law of India-I</b>		
	<p><b>Objective:</b></p> <p>The Objective of this paper is to provide understanding of basic concepts of Indian Constitution and various organs created by the constitution including their functions.</p>	
UNIT -I	Characteristics of the Indian Constitution. Special Emphasis shall be placed on (A) Federal Structure and (B) Form of the Government.	
UNIT -II	Union Parliament: Organization, Procedure regarding Enactment of Legislation, Parliamentary Privileges.	
UNIT -III	<p>Union Executive: The President, his Powers and Position including Ordinance Making Power.</p> <p>Prime Minister and the Cabinet. Is the Prime Minister Real Head?</p>	
UNIT -IV	Distribution of Legislative Powers between Union and the States. Territorial and Topical Distribution of Powers. Power of Parliament to Legislate on State Matters. Doctrine of Territorial Nexus. Doctrine of Pith and Substance, Doctrine of Colourable Legislation.	
UNIT -V	Emergency Provisions with Special References to Proclamation of Emergency and President's Rule.	
	<p><b>Suggested Readings:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Dayal : Constitutional Law of India</li> <li>2. D.D. Basu : An Introduction to the Constitution of India</li> <li>3. M.P. Jain : Constitutional Law of India</li> <li>4. Shukla, V.N. : Constitution of India</li> <li>5. ParasDiwan : Constitution of India</li> <li>6. M.C.J. Kagzi : Constitution of India (Hindi &amp; English) Constitution of India as amended upto date.</li> <li>7. B.K. Sharma : Introduction of Constitution of India</li> </ol>	

## Semester – III

### LLB-301: Law of Crimes-II (Criminal Procedure Code)

#### Objectives:



	The course is aimed at familiarizing students how the pretrial, trial and the subsequent process are geared up. The course will acquaint the student with organization of the functionaries under the Code, their power and functions at various stages and the procedure to exercise these powers. The students will also undertake the study of two cognate Acts as a part of this course viz; Juvenile Justice Act and Probation of Offenders Act.	
UNIT -I	Introductory and Pre-trial Process Meaning of procedure; The organization of the functionaries under the Code; their duties. Functions and powers; First Information Report, complaint; Arrest; Types of trial and Features of a trial.	
UNIT -II	Trial Process-I: 1 Magisterial Powers to take cognizance 2 Commencement of proceedings 3 Dismissal of complaints 4 Charge 5 Processes to compel appearance and production of things 6 Bail 7 Preliminary pleas to bar trial	
UNIT -III	Trail Process-II 1 Provisions as to Inquiries and Trials 2 Judgment 3 Appeals, Revision and Reference 4 Security for keeping peace and good behaviour 5 Maintenance	
UNIT -IV	Miscellaneous 1 Transfer of cases 2 Execution, suspension, remission and commutation of sentences 3 Disposal of property 4 Preventive action of the police 5 Irregular proceedings 6 Limitation oftaking cognizance 7 Compounding of offences and plea bargaining 8 Criminal Rules and Practice	
UNIT -V	1. Salient features of the Juvenile Justice (Care & Protection of Children) Act, 2000 2. Salient features of the Probation of Offenders Act, 1958	
	<b>Suggested Readings:</b> 1. Ratanlal&Dhiraj Lai, The Code of Criminal Procedure, Nagpur: Wadhwa& Co 2. Juvenile Justice (Care & Protection of Children) Act, 2000 -Bare Act 3. Probation of Offenders' Act, 1958-Bare Act 4. Reference Books: 5. R V Kelkar, Criminal Procedure, Lucknow: Eastern Book Co 6. Report of the Committee on Reforms of Criminal Justice System	
<b>LLB-302: Company Law</b>		
	<b>Objectives:</b> The course is designed to understand the company formation, management and Important regulations pertaining to the issue of shares and the capital raising. This course also focuses on corporatemanagement, control, possible abuses, the remedies and government regulation of corporate business and winding up of companies.	
UNIT -I	<b>Formation, Registration and Incorporation of Company</b> Meaning of Corporation, Nature and kinds of company, Promoters: Position, duties and	



	<p>liabilities, Mode and consequences of incorporation</p> <p>Uses and abuses of the corporate form, lifting of corporate veil, Theory of Corporate personality</p>	
UNIT -II	<p>Memorandum of Association, alteration and the doctrine of ultra vires</p> <p>Articles of Association, binding nature, alteration, relation with memorandum of Association, Doctrine of Constructive Notice and Indoor Management-exceptions</p>	
UNIT -III	<p><b>Capital Formation of Regulation</b></p> <p>Prospectus: Issues, contents, kinds, liabilities for misstatement, statement in lieu of prospectus.</p> <p>The nature and classification of company securities</p> <p>Shares and general principles of allotment</p> <p>Statutory share certificate, its objects and effects</p>	
UNIT-IV	<p>Transfer of shares, restriction of transfer, relationship between transferor and transferee, issue of share at premium, role of public finance institutions, Share Capital, reduction of share capital, Conversion of loans debentures into capital, Duties of court to protect interests of creditors and shareholders.</p>	
UNIT -V	<p><b>Corporate Administrative</b></p> <p>Directors: Kinds, Powers and Duties</p> <p>Role of nominee Directors, Managing Director and other managerial personnel.</p> <p><b>Act</b></p> <p>The Companies Act, 1956</p>	
	<p><b>Suggested Readings:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Taxman's Corporate Laws</li> <li>2. Avtar Singh - Company Law</li> <li>3. Reference Books:</li> <li>4. Ramaiah, Company's Act, PART I and II</li> <li>5. Shah - Lectures on Company Law</li> <li>6. Taxman's Company Law</li> <li>7. S. C. Kuchal - Corporation Finance: Principles and problems.</li> <li>8. Y. D. Kulshreshta - Government regulation of financial management of private corporate sector in India.</li> <li>9. S. K. Roy - Corporate Image in India</li> <li>10. Gower - Company Law</li> <li>11. Sen - New Horizons in company law</li> <li>12. D. L. Majumdar - Towards a philosophy of modern corporation.</li> <li>13. Pennington - Company Law</li> <li>14. Rajiv Jain - Guide on foreign collaboration - Policies &amp; Procedures.</li> <li>15. B Singhania - Foreign collaborations and Investments in India - Law and</li> </ol>	



	<p>procedures.</p> <p>17. Joyant M Thakur - Comparative Analysis of FEMA - FEMA</p> <p>18. Act, 1999 with FERA</p> <p>19. SanjivAgarwal - Bharat's guide to Indian capital.</p>	
<b>LLB-303: Law of Civil Procedures</b>		
	<p><b>Objective:</b> This course is designed to acquaint the students with the various stages through which a civil case passes and the connected matters. The course also includes law of limitation</p>	
UNIT -I	<p>Civil Procedure Code: Introduction; Distinction between procedural law and substantive law History of the code, extent and its application, definition Suits: Jurisdiction of the civil courts Kinds of jurisdiction-Bar on suits- Suits of civil nature (Sec9) Doctrine of Res sub judice and Res judicata (Sec 10,11 and 12) Foreign Judgment (Sec 13,14) Place of Suits (Ss 15 to 20) Transfer of Cases (Ss 22 to 25)</p>	
UNIT -II	<p>Institution of suits and summons: (Sec 26, 04 and Sec 27, 28, 31 and 05); Interest and Costs (Sec 34, 35, 35A, B); Pleading: Fundamental rules of pleadings- Plant and written statement Return and rejection of plaint- Defences - Set off- Counter claim Parties to the suit (Order 1): Joinder, Misjoinder and non-joinder of parties- Misjoinder of causes of action- Multifariousness.</p>	
UNIT -III	<p>Appearance and examination of parties (09, 018) - Discovery, inspection and production of documents (011 &amp; 13) - First hearing and framing of issues (010 and 14) - Admission and affidavit (012 and 19) - Adjournment (017) - Death, marriage-Insolvency of the parties (022) - Withdrawal and compromise of suits (023) - Judgment and Decree (020) Execution (Sec 30 to 74, 021): General principal of execution- Power of executing court- Transfer of decrees for execution- Mode of execution- a) Arrest and detention, b) Attachment, c) Sale</p>	
UNIT -IV	<p>Suits in particular cases; Suits by or against Governments (Sec 79 to 82 027); Suits by aliens and by or against foreign rulers, ambassadors (Sec 85 to 87); Suits relating to public matters (Sec 91 to 93); Suits by or against firms (030); Suits by or against minors and unsound persons (032); Suits by indigent persons (033); Inter-pleader suits (Sec 88, 035); Interim Orders; Commissions (Sec 75, 026); Arrest before judgment and attachments before judgment (038); Temporary injunctions (039); Appointment of receivers (040); Appeals (Ss 90 to 109, 041, 42, 43, 45); Reference-Review and Revision (Ss 113, 114, 115, 046, 046); Caveat (Sec 144A)- Inherent powers of the court (Ss 148, 149, 151)</p>	
UNIT -V	Civil Rules of Practice and Limitation Act.	
	<p><b>Suggested Readings:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Mulla : Civil Procedure Code</li> <li>2. Singh, S.N. : Civil Procedure Code</li> <li>3. Sahai : On Civil Procedure</li> <li>4. Tandon, M.P. : Civil Procedure Code (English &amp; Hindi)</li> <li>5. SanjiwaRao - Civil Procedure Code</li> </ol> <p><b>Additional Readings:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. P M Bakshi - Civil Procedure Code</li> <li>2. C K Takwani - Civil Procedure Code</li> </ol>	
<b>LLB-304: Labour Law-I</b>		
	<p><b>Objective:</b> This course is aimed at getting the students to know the labour laws particularly related to social security and payment of wages</p>	
UNIT -I	<p><b>Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923 (Sec. 1-10, 12,14,14A, 17 &amp; 20)</b> Conceptual frame work of Social Security-Evolution and concept of Social Security,</p>	



	Scheme of Social Security, Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923: Definitions, Aims & Object, Liability of Employer, Notional Extension & Defences, Determination of Amount of Compensation, Compensation when due, Penalty for default, Contracting Out (Sec.17), Appointment & Powers of Commissioner (Sec.19-31)	
UNIT -II	<b>The Employees State Insurance Act, 1948:</b> Corporation, Standing Committee and Medical Benefit Council; Contributions; Benefits; Adjudication of disputes and Claims; Penalties The Employees Provident Fund Act, 1952: Employees Provident Fund Scheme and Authorities; Miscellaneous; Employees' Provident Fund & Miscellaneous Provisions (Amendment) Act, 1996.	
UNIT -III	<b>The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972:</b> The Payment of Gratuity Rules	
UNIT -IV	<b>Payment of Wages Act, 1936</b> Aims & Object, Responsibility of Payment of Wages, Time of Payment of Wages & Fixation of Wage Period, Authorized Deductions (Sec.7 to 13), Appointment & Powers of Inspectors and Authority for Adjudication of Claims (Sec.15-18), Penalty for offences under the Act.  The Payment of Bonus Act 1965: Scope and Application, Definition, Computation of Gross profit and available surplus, Eligibility for Bonus, Disqualification for Bonus, Minimum and Maximum Bonus.	
UNIT -V	<b>Minimum Wages Act, 1948</b> Theories and Concept of Wages, Aims & Objects of Act, Definition, Fixation & Revision of rates of Wages, Working Hours and Determination of Wages and Claim etc., Authority-Appointment & Powers.	
	<b>Suggested Readings:</b> 1. K.D.Srivastava, Commentaries on Minimum Wages Act, 1995, Eastern Book Co. 2. K.D.Srivastava, Commentaries on Payment of Wages Act, 1998, Eastern Book Co. 3. Madhavan Pillai - Labour and Industrial Laws 4. SN Mishra-Labour Laws 5. S C Srivastava - Social Security and Labour Laws, Universal, Delhi	
<b>LLB-305: Drafting, Pleading &amp; Conveyance</b>		
	Objectives:  The course aims at equipping the students with drafting skills and train them in drafting of pleadings and conveyances and other essential documents	
UNIT -I	General principles of drafting and relevant substantive rules.	
UNIT -II	<b>Model Draft of Application</b> Application for Restoration of Suit; Amendment in the Pleading, Substitution of Parties, Setting aside ex parte decree, Alimony, Bail, Matrimonial petition, legal notice, Appointment of receiver/ local commission; Compromise of Suit, Condonation of delay and application for execution etc., Drafting of Writ petition and PIL petition.	
UNIT -III	<b>Fundamental Rule of Pleading</b> Meaning and Definition of Pleading, History/Object and Interpretation Rules of Pleading : General and Fundamental, Amendment of Pleading <b>Civil:</b> Plaint, Written Statement, Interlocutory Application, Originally Petition, Affidavit, Execution Petition, Memorandum of Appeal and Revision, Petition under Article 226 and 32 of the Constitution of India.	
UNIT -IV	<b>Criminal :</b> Complaint, Criminal Miscellaneous petition, Bail Application, Memorandum of Appeal and Revision	
UNIT -V	<b>Conveyancing : Theory and Model Draft</b> Definition and essential part of a deed, Model deed: Sale-deed, Mortgage deed, Gift-deed, Will-deed, Trust deed, Lease-deed, Promissory Note, General Power of Attorney,	



	Partnership deed; Tenancy deed; Relinquishment deed etc.	
	<p><b>Suggested Readings:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Banerjee and Awasthi, Guide to Drafting</li> <li>2. William M. Ross, Pleading</li> <li>3. G. C. Mogha &amp; K.N. Goyal, Indian Conveyancer</li> <li>4. N.S. Bindra - Conveyancing</li> <li>5. A.N. Chaturvedi - Conveyancing</li> <li>6. Mogha's Law of Pleading</li> <li>7. D'Souza - Conveyancing</li> </ol>	

<b>Semester - IV</b>		
<b>LLB-401: Law of Evidence</b>		
	<p><b>Objective:</b> The course is designed to introduce the students to the law relating to production of evidence, and acquaint them with the rules of evidence in relation to relevancy of facts and proof</p>	
UNIT -I	<p><b>Preliminary :</b> Application of Indian Evidence Act, Definition : Court, Fact - fact in issue and relevant fact, Evidence - meaning and its kinds, proved, disproved, not proved, may presume, shall presume and conclusive proof, presumptions of fact and law. presumptions regarding documents. Relevancy of facts : Explaining - Res-gestae, occasion, cause, effect, motive, intention, preparation, previous and subsequent conduct, introductory and explanatory facts, facts and otherwise relevant become relevant accidental and incidental facts. Facts which need not be proved, improper admission and rejection of facts.</p>	
UNIT -II	<p><b>2. Admission and Confession :</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) Admission: Definition, whose admission is relevant, relevancy of admission in civil cases, admission is not conclusive proof, admission as an estoppel.</li> <li>(b) Confession : Definition, its kinds, confession caused by inducement, threat or promise, confession to police officer, confession in the custody in police, confession to Magistrate, confession by co-accused.</li> <li>(c) Difference between admission and confession. Relevancy of statements :             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) Statements by persons who cannot be called as witness.</li> <li>(ii) Statement made under special circumstances.</li> <li>(iii) Relevancy of judgement of a Court of Law</li> <li>(iv) Opinions of third person</li> <li>(v) Opinion of experts</li> <li>(vi) Relevancy of character</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	
UNIT -III	<p><b>Evidence:</b> Oral evidence, documentary evidence, kinds of documentary evidence, when secondary evidence is relevant, public and private document. Exclusion of oral evidence by documentary evidence, Application of this principle, its exceptions, ambiguous documents, kinds of ambiguity.</p> <p><b>Burden of Proof:</b> Meaning, general principles of burden of proof in civil and criminal cases and exceptions to it. When burden of proof shifts, proof of legitimacy of child, proof in dowry deaths and in the matters of rape.</p>	
UNIT -IV	<p><b>Estoppel :</b> Meaning, essentials, nature and its kinds.</p> <p><b>Witnesses :</b> Competency of witness, when persons can be compelled to appear as witnesses, privileged communications and documents, accomplice, hostile witness.</p>	



UNIT -V	<p><b>Examination of Witnesses :</b> Order of examinations, kinds of examinations, leading question, impeaching the credit of witness, questions which can and which cannot be asked, refreshing the memory of witness, production of document, Judge's power to put questions and to order production. Effect of improper acceptance or rejection of evidence.</p>	
	<p><b>Suggested Readings:</b> 1. Ratan Lal : The Law of Evidence 2. Batuklal : Law of Evidence 3. Vepa P. Sarathi : Law of Evidence</p>	
<b>LLB-402: Administrative Law</b>		
	<p><b>Objective:</b> The purpose of this paper is make students aware of various aspects of administrative law including quasi-legislative, quasi-judicial and other ministerial functions of administration and control thereof.</p>	
UNIT -I	Evolution- Nature and Scope of Administrative Law- Relation with Constitutional Law Separation of powers and concepts- Rule of law- Council d' Eate, (French system) Classification of Administration Actionfunctions- Administrative direction and discretion.	
UNIT -II	Legislative power of the administration- Extent of delegation and control over delegated Legislation- Sub-delegation- Judicial- Parliamentary control over delegated Legislation.	
UNIT -III	Judicial power of Administration- Nature of procedure- Principles of Natural justice- Effect of non-compliance with principle of natural justice- Exception to principle of Natural justice.	
UNIT -IV	Judicial control of Administrative action - Writs, Principles and Procedure - Public Law review and Private Law review of Administration action- Liability of State - Torts, Contract Promissory estoppels-Government Privileges- Right of information- Doctrine of Legitimate expectation- Doctrine of Accountability- Waiver- Doctrine of Proportionality.	
UNIT -V	Corporations and Public undertaking- Commission of Enquiry- Ombudsman in India (Lokpal and Lokayuktha)- Central Vigilance Commission- Parliamentary Committees-Civil services in India- Accountability and responsibility- Problems of Prospectives- Administrative devianceCorruption- Mal- administration- Control mechanism of Accountability.	
	<p><b>Suggested Readings:</b> 1. Jain M.P. : Indian Administrative Law. 2. Indian Law : Delegated (Legislation in 3. Institute India). 4. Griffith J.A.G. and : Principles of Administrative Street. H. Law. 3. Kagzi, M.C.J. : Administrative Law in India. 5. Kagzi, M.C.J. : A Case Book in Administrative Law. 6. Dr. Jain, M.P. &amp; Dr Jain, S.N. : Principles of Indian Administrative Law. 1. Kesri, U.P.D. : Administrative Law 7. Sathe, S.P. : Administrative Law 8. C.K. Takwani : Lectures on Administrative Law</p>	
<b>LLB-403: Constitutional Law of India-II</b>		
	<p><b>Objective:</b> This paper is to orient students with constitutional rights and duties: perspective as well as remedies.</p>	
UNIT -I	Fundamental Rights - General: Scheme of Fundamental Rights, Who can Claim Fundamental Rights : Against whom Fundamental Rights are Available ? Suspension of Fundamental Rights.	





UNIT -II	Fundamental Rights - Specific: Special Emphasis shall be Placed on the Following Rights : (a) Right to Equality (Articles 14 to 18) , (b) Right to Freedom of Speech and Expression (Article 19(1)(a)) (c) Right to Life and Personal Liberty (Article 21) (d) Right to Freedom of Religion (Articles 25 to 28) (e) Right to Constitutional Remedies (Article 32)	
UNIT -III	Directive Principles of State Policy. Their Importance and Relationship with Fundamental Rights.  Fundamental Duties	
UNIT -IV	Union Judiciary: Supreme Court of India. Composition and Jurisdiction	
UNIT -V	Amendment of the Constitution. Power and Procedure; Basic Structure of the Constitution.	
<b>LLB-404: Law of Right to Information</b>		
	<b>Objectives:</b> This course is designed to get the students acquainted with the concept of right to information and teach them how it can help in improve transparency and accountability in governance and preventing abuse of power	
UNIT -I	Right to Information before Right to Information Act, 2005 Significance in democracy; Constitutional basis; Supreme Court on right to information	
UNIT -II	RTI Act- definitions; Right to information and obligations of public authorities	
UNIT -III	Central information commission; State information commission; Powers and functions of information commissions; Appeals and penalties	
UNIT -IV	Other related laws - The Official Secrets Act, 1923; The Public Records Act, 1993; The Public Records Rules, 1997; The Freedom of Information Act, 2002; The Commission of Inquiry Act, 1952; The Commission of Inquiry (Central) Rules, 1972	
UNIT -V	Best practices- A study of decisions rendered by state commissions and central Commission in the following areas of - Police, Revenue, PWD, Irrigation, Secretariat, BSNL, Posts and Telegraphs, Scheduled Banks, CPWD, Income Tax Department, Central Excise Department, Local Authorities	
	<b>Suggested Readings:</b> 1. J H Barowalia, Commentary on the right to Information Act, Universal Law Publications <b>Additional Readings:</b> 2. J. N. Barowalia, Commentary on the right to Information Act 3. S V JogaRao, Law Relating to Right to Information, vol. 1	
<b>LLB-405: Arbitration and Alternative Dispute Resolution System</b>		
	<b>Objective:</b> This course trains the students in Alternative Dispute Resolution Systems which have become more relevant than before both at local, national and international levels	
UNIT -I	General: Different methods of dispute resolution; Inquisitorial method; Adversarial method; Other methods- both formal and informal- like arbitration, conciliation, negotiation, mediation, etc; Advantages and disadvantages of above methods; Need for ADRs. International commitments; Domestic needs; Suitability of ADRs to particular types of disputes Civil Procedure Code and ADRs	
UNIT -II	Arbitration: Meaning of arbitration; Attributes of arbitration; General principles of arbitration; Different kinds of arbitration; Qualities and qualifications of an arbitrator; Arbitration agreement and its drafting; Appointment of arbitrator; Principal steps in	



	arbitration; Arbitral award; Arbitration under Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996	
UNIT -III	Conciliation: Meaning; Different kinds of conciliation- facilitative, evaluative, court-annexed, voluntary and compulsory; Qualities of a conciliator; Duties of a conciliator; Role of a conciliator; Stages of conciliation; Procedure; Conciliation under statutes- Industrial Disputes Act, 1947; Family Courts Act, 1984; Hindu Marriage Act, 1955; Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996	
UNIT -IV	Negotiation: Meaning; Different styles of negotiation; Different approaches to negotiation; Phases of negotiation; Qualities of a negotiator; Power to negotiate	
UNIT -V	Mediation: Meaning; Qualities of mediator; Role of mediator; Essential characteristics of the mediation process - voluntary, collaborative, controlled, confidential, informal, impartial & neutral, self-responsible; Different models of mediation; Code of conduct for mediators	
	<p><b>Suggested Reading:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Sridhar Madabhushi, Alternative Dispute Resolution, 2006, Lexis NexisButterworths, New Delhi</li> <li>2. Raj and RD, A Primer on Alternative Dispute Resolution, 2005, Barathi Law Publications, Tirunelveli</li> <li>3. B.P.Saraf&amp;M.Jhunjhunwala, Law of Arbitration &amp; Conciliation, (2000) Snow White, Mumbai</li> <li>4. Gerald R.William (ed.), The New Arbitration &amp; Conciliation Law of India</li> <li>5. P.C.Rao&amp; William Sheffield, Alternative Disputes Resolutions, (1997) Universal, Delhi</li> <li>6. Johari, Commentary on Arbitration and Conciliation Act. 1999 Universal, Delhi</li> </ol> <p><b>Additional Readings:</b> Sampath DK, Mediation, National Law School, Bangalore Gold Neil, etal, Learning Lawyers Skills, (Chapter-7) Michael Noone, Mediation, (Chapters-1, 2&amp;3)</p>	

## Semester - V

### LLB-501: LabourLaw-II

	<p><b>Objective:</b> This course is aimed at getting the students to know the labour laws particularly related to labour working conditions, industrial relations; and equality and empowerment of women</p>	
UNIT -I	<b>The Factories Act, 1948:</b> Interpretation-competent person, Hazardous process, manufacturing process, Worker, Factory, Occupier, Health, Safety and Welfare, Working House of Adults, Employment of young persons, Inspectors-Appointment and Powers.	
UNIT -II	<b>Trade Unions Act, 1926:</b> Salient features of the enactment and important definitions Registration of Unions, Amalgamation of Unions, Cancellation and Registration of Trade Unions, Funds of the Union, Immunity enjoyed by the Union	
UNIT -III	<b>Industrial Disputes Act, 1947:</b> Historical Aspects- Master and slave relationship- Industrial revolution-Laissez-faire state- Impact of Constitution on Labour provision; Definition and law relating to Appropriate Government- Award and settlement- Industry industrial Dispute- Workman Strikes and Lock-out	
UNIT -IV	<b>Maternity Benefit Act, 1961 (Sec.3-18)</b> Aims & Object, Definitions, Restriction on employment, Right to Maternity Benefit, Medical Benefit. Bonus, Leave Dismissal during Pregnancy (Sec. 10-16), forfeiture of Maternity benefit, Leave for Miscarriage, Penalty for contravention of Act by Employer, Cognizance of offences.	
UNIT -V	<b>The Equal Remuneration Act, 1976:</b> Payment of Remuneration at equal rates to Men and Women workers and other matters.	



	<p><b>Suggested Readings:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. K.M. Pillai, Labour and Industrial Laws</li> <li>2. V.G. Goswami, Labour and Industrial Laws, 1999</li> <li>3. D.D. Seth, Commentaries on Industrial Disputes Act, 1998</li> </ol>	
<b>LLB-502: Professional Ethics and Professional Accounting System</b>		
	<p><b>Objective:</b></p> <p>The course is designed to imbue students with the high values forming the basis of the legal profession so that they can live up to those standards in their professional life. They should also know the importance of bench-bar relationship, and learn accounting system to manage their money matters.</p>	
UNIT -I	Historical development of Legal Profession in India. Constitution, Function, Powers and Jurisdiction of State Bar Council and Bar Council of India Admission and enrolment of Advocates.	
UNIT -II	Profession ethics and Advocacy, Standards of Professional Conduct and Etiquette, Conflict between interest and duty, Duty to court, Duty to Client, Duty to opponent, Duty to Colleagues, Duty towards Society and obligation to render legal aid	
UNIT -III	<p><b>Bench-Bar Relationship</b></p> <p>Reciprocity as partners in administration of Justice Professional Misconduct Rights and Privileges of Advocates</p>	
UNIT -IV	<p><b>Contempt of Court Act, 1971</b></p> <p>Historical development of Contempt of Court Act in India, Object and Constitutional validity of Contempt of Court Act.</p> <p>Definition, Kinds of Contempt Contempt by Judges, Magistrates, Lawyers and other persons Cognizance, Procedure , Appellate provisions regarding Contempt Defences, Punishment and Remedies</p> <p>against punishment for Contempt of Court and Punishment for Contempt, Defences under contempt of court.</p> <p><b>Cases</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Rajendra V Pai v Alex Frnandes AIR 2002 SC 1808</li> <li>2. In re; A an advocate AIR 1962 SC 1337</li> <li>3. In re; Mr. G a Senior Advocate of SC AIR 1954 SC 557</li> <li>4. In re; Lalit Mohan Das AIR 1957 SC 250</li> <li>5. Sheo Narayan Jafa v Judge Allahabad H.C. AIR 1953 SC 368</li> <li>6. P. J. Ratnam v d. Kanik ran AIR 1964 SC 244</li> <li>7. In re; "M" an Advocate AIR 1957 SC 149</li> <li>8. L.D. Jaisingham v Narain das N Punjabi (1976) 1 ACC 354</li> <li>9. Jhon D' Souza v Edward Ani (1994) 2 SCC 64</li> <li>10. In re; V.C. Mishra AIR 1995 SC 2348</li> </ol>	
UNIT -V	<p><b>Accountancy for lawyers:</b> Need for maintenance of accounts- Books of accounts that need to be maintained- Cash Book, journal and ledger; Elementary aspects of bookkeeping: Meaning, object, journal, double entry system, closing of accounts; The cash and bulk transaction- The Cash book-Journal proper especially with reference to client's accounts- Ledger, Trial balance and final accounts- Commercial mathematics.</p>	
	<p><b>Suggested Readings:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Holland Avrom Shree, Advocacy, 1994 Universal, Delhi</li> <li>2. Keith Evam, The Golden Rules of Advocacy, 1994, Universal, Delhi</li> <li>3. SandeepBhalla, Advocates Act &amp; Professional Misconduct, Nasik Law House</li> <li>4. JPS Sirohi, Professional Ethics, Lawyer's Accountability, Bench-Bar Relationship, ALA</li> <li>5. The Bar Council Code of Ethics</li> <li>6. K V KrishnaswamyIyer, Professional Conduct and Advocacy</li> <li>7. B S Raman, Accountancy</li> </ol>	
<b>LLB-503: Law of Transfer of Property</b>		



	<p><b>Objectives:</b> The focuses of this course in to understand the concept of 'Property' the 'nature of property rights' and the general principles governing the transfer of property. A detailed study of the substantive law relating to particular transfers, such as sale, mortgage, lease, exchange, gift and actionable claims will also be undertaken. The course also includes an exposure into the concept of trust.</p>	
UNIT -I	General principles of Transfer of Property by Act of parties inter- vivos- Concept and meaning of immovable property- Transferable Immovable Property- Persons Competent to transfer Operation of Transfer- Conditions restraining alienation and restrictions repugnant to the interest created- rule against perpetuity and exceptions- Direction for accumulation- Vested and Contingent interest.	
UNIT -II	Doctrine of election- transfer by ostensible and co-owner- Apportionment- Priority of rights Rent paid to holder under defective title- Improvements made by bonafide holder- Doctrine of Lispendense- Fraudulent transfer and part-performance	
UNIT -III	Mortgages of Immovable property: Definition- Kinds of mortgages and their features- Rights and liabilities of mortgagor and mortgagee- Priority of securities- Marshalling and contribution Charges.	
UNIT -IV	Sale of immovable property: Rights and liabilities of seller and buyer before and after completion of sale- Difference between sale and contract for sale. Leases of immovable property: Definition- Scope- creation of lease- rights and liabilities of lessor and lessee- Determination and holding over. Exchange: Definition and mode- Actionable Claims. Gifts: Scope- meaning- mode of transfer- universal gifts- onerous gifts.	
UNIT -V	Law of Trusts with Fiduciary Relations: Definitions of Trust and its comparison with other relationships like Debt, Ownership, Bailment, Agency and Contract. Kinds of Trusts- Creation of Trust- Appointment of Trustees- Duties and Liabilities of Trustees- Rights and Powers of Trustees- Disabilities of Trustee- Rights and Liabilities of the Beneficiary- Vacating the office of trustee and Extinction of Trusts.	
	<p><b>Suggested Readings:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Mulla - Transfer of Property Act, 1882.</li> <li>2. M. P. Tandon - Indian Trust Act.</li> </ol> <p><b>Additional Readings:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Subbarao - Transfer of Property</li> <li>2. Shah - Principles of the Law of Property</li> <li>3. Shukla - Transfer of Property Act</li> <li>4. Menon - Property Law</li> <li>5. M. P. Tandon - Indian Trust Act.</li> </ol>	
<b>LLB-504: Intellectual Property Law</b>		
	<p><b>Objective:</b> The objective of this course is to acquaint the students with basics of intellectual property rights with special reference to Indian law and practice.</p>	
UNIT -I	<p><b>Copyright</b> Indian Copyright Act, 1957</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Nature and Meaning</li> <li>b. Scope of protection</li> <li>c. Procedure for protection</li> <li>d. Enforcement and Remedies</li> </ol>	
UNIT -II	<p><b>Patents</b> Indian Patents Act, 1970</p> <p>Nature and Meaning Scope of protection Procedure for protection Enforcement and Remedies</p>	



UNIT -III	<b>Trademarks</b> Indian Trademarks Act, 1999 Nature and Meaning Scope of protection Procedure for protection Enforcement and Remedies
UNIT -IV	<b>Designs</b> Indian Designs Act, 2000 Nature and Meaning Scope of protection Procedure for protection Enforcement and Remedies
UNIT -V	<b>Law relating to Geographical Indications</b> Introduction, meaning and salient features of Geographical Indication of Goods under the Geographical Indication of Goods (Registration and Protection) Act, 1999 Procedure for Registration, Duration and Renewal, Right conferred by registration, Infringement of Geographical Indication, Remedies, Offences and Penalties.
	<b>Suggested Readings:</b> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Prof.A.K.Avasthi (ed.) Spotlight on Intellectual Property Rights, 2005</li> <li>2. Nagarajun, Intellectual Property</li> <li>3. Menu Paul, Intellectual Property</li> <li>4. P Narayanan - Intellectual Property Law</li> <li>5. Cornish William - Intellectual Property</li> <li>6. Ganguli - Intellectual Property Rights: Unleashed the knowledge economy</li> <li>7. Copinger&amp;Skine James - Copyright</li> <li>8. Pal P - Intellectual Property Rights in India</li> <li>9. Unni - Trade Mark, Design and Cyber Property Rights</li> <li>10. Rodney Ryder - Intellectual Property and the Internet</li> <li>11. Rahul Matthan - The law relating to Computers and the Internet</li> <li>12. Elizabeth Verkey - Law of Plant Varieties Protection</li> <li>13. PavanDuggal - Cyber Law: the Indian Perspective</li> <li>14. D P Mittal- Law of information Technology</li> </ol> Relevant Bare Acts
<b>LLB-505: Women and Law</b>	
	<b>Objectives:</b> The course will study the legal provisions enacted to ameliorate the situations of women
UNIT -I	Women in Pre-Constitution Period: Social and Legal Inequality; Social Reform Movement in India; Legislative response in India Women in Post-Constitution Period. Provisions of Constitution of India; Preamble, Art 14, 15,23, and Part IV; Legal Measures relating Women and Political Representation.
UNIT -II	Different Personal Laws- Unequal Position of Indian Women-Uniform Civil Code; Sex Inequality in Inheritance Rights: Right of Inheritance by birth for Sons and not for Daughters; Inheritance under Christian Law; Inheritance under Muslim Law; Matrimonial Property Law; Right of Women to be Guardian of her minor sons and daughters.
UNIT -III	Law of Divorce - Christian Law-Discriminatory Provision; Muslim Law- Inheritance divorce Women and Social Legislation: Dowry Prohibition Law; Sex Determination Test, Law relating to Prevention of immoral Trafficking in Women Act.
UNIT -IV	Women and Criminal Law: Adultery; Rape; Outraging the Modesty of Women; Kidnapping; Sati Prohibition Law; Law relating to Domestic



	Violence; Law relating Eve-Teasing; Indecent Representation of Women Act.	
UNIT -V	Women and Employment: Factories Act- Provisions relating to women; Maternity Benefit Act; Equal Remuneration Act; Law Relating to Sexual Harassment at Working Place; NCW-Aims, Functions and Performance.	
	<p><b>Suggested Reading:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. InduPrakash Singh, Women, Law and Social Change in India, 1989, Radiant Publishers, New Delhi</li> <li>2. ParasDewan, Dowry and Protection to MalTied Women, 1995, Deep and Deep Publication, New Delhi</li> <li>3. SPSathe, Towards Gender Justice, 1993, RCWS, SNTD WV Bombay</li> <li>4. DwarkaNathMitter, Position of Women in Hindu Law, 1989, Inter-India Publications, New Delhi</li> <li>5. ShaukatNasir, Muslim Women and their Rights, 1992, Ashoka Law House, New Delhi</li> </ol> <p>Reference material:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 Relevant Provisions of Constitution of India</li> <li>2 Relevant Provisions of Indian Penal Code</li> <li>3 S125, Criminal Procedure Code</li> <li>4 National Commission on Women Act, 1990</li> <li>5 Matrimonial Property- Private Members Bill Introduced in Parliament</li> <li>6 Towards Equality- Report of Committee on the Status of Women (Govt. of India)</li> </ol>	

<b>Semester - VI</b>		
<b>LLB-601: Environmental Law</b>		
	<p><b>Objective:</b> The course is designed towards sensitize the students to environmental issues and the laws</p>	
UNIT -I	The Idea of Environment: Ancient and Medieval Writings, Traditions, Natural and Biological Sciences - Perspectives: Modem concept, Conflicting dimensions, Recent issues -Environment and sustainable development - National and International Perspectives - Population and Development	
UNIT -II	Environmental Policy and Law: Environmental Policy: Pre & Post Independence Period; From Stockholm to Johannesburg Declaration (Rio) and Role of Government - Five year Plans - Forest Policy - Conservation strategy - Water Policy Conservation of Natural Resources and its Management Constitution and Environment: Right to Environment - Constitutional provisions on Environment and its Protection - Role of Judiciary on Environmental issues - Evolving of new Principles - Polluter pays principle - Precautionary principle - Public trust doctrine	
UNIT -III	International Law and Environmental Protection: International conventions in the development of Environmental Laws and its Policy - From Stockholm to recent conventions (Special Emphasis on Major conventions & Protocols) - Control on Marine Pollution Common Law aspects of Environmental Protection Remedies under other Laws ( I P C , CRPC, CPC) Riparian rights and prior-appropriation	
UNIT -IV	Prevention and Control of Pollution: Pollution of Water, Sources, Legal Control, The Water Act 1974 - Pollution of Air, Modalities of control, The Air Act, 1981 - Noise Pollution and its control. Noise Pollution control order - Disposal of Waste, laws on waste, disposal and its control - Trans-boundary Pollution hazards & Regulation Biological Diversity and Legal Order: Bio-diversity and Legal regulation -	



	Utilization of flora and fauna - Experimentation on animals Legal and Ethical issues - Genetic Engineering - Wildlife Protection Act 1972 - Forest Conservation Act, 1980 - Prevention of Cruelty against animals - Problems in Legal regulation of medicinal plants - The plant varieties Act - Wetland Conservation	
UNIT -V	Environment Protection Act 1986 including, Environment Protection Rules, Coastal Zone Regulation, ECO-Mark, Environment Impact Assessment, Environmental Audit, Public Participation in Environmental decision making, Environment information, public hearing, Regulation on Bio- Medical Waste	
	<p><b>Suggested Readings:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 Armin Rosen Cranz - Environmental Law and Its Policy in India</li> <li>2 P Leelakrishnan - Environmental Law in India / Cases</li> <li>3 Lai's commentaries on Water and Air Pollution laws along with Environment (protection) Act and Rules, 1986, Delhi: Delhi Law Houses</li> </ol> <p><b>Additional Readings:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 Simon ball Stuart Bell - Environmental Law</li> <li>2 Sanjay Upadhyay and VidehUpadhyay - Handbook on Environmental Laws</li> <li>3 Introduction to Environmental Law - S Shantha Kumar</li> <li>4 Relevant Bare Acts / Notifications</li> </ol>	
<b>LLB-602: Moot Court Exercise &amp; Internship</b>		
	<p><b>Objective:</b></p> <p>This course is designed to familiarize themselves with the various stages of trial in civil and criminal cases They should be exposed to real court experience, teach them the advocacy skills and gearing up them to endow with facility in preparation of written submissions and planning, organizing and marshalling arguments in the given time so as to convince the presiding officer.</p> <p>Further they should imbibe the skills of client interviewing.</p> <p>This component may be planned to be part of the internship Each student enrolled in 3 year course shall undergo an internship for minimum 12 weeks (20 weeks for 5 year LLB course) during the entire course under NGO, trial and appellate advocates, legal regulatory authorities, legislatures and parliament, other legal functionaries, market institutions, law firms, companies, local self government and other such bodies as the university may stipulate However, the internship shall not be for a period of more than four weeks continuously in an academic year</p>	
a	Moot Court: Every student may be required to do at least three moot courts with <b>10 marks</b> for each. The moot court work will be on assigned problem and it will be evaluated for <b>5 marks</b> for written submissions and <b>5 marks</b> for oral advocacy.	
b	Observance of Trial in two cases, one Civil and one Criminal Students may be required to attend two trials in the course of the last two or three years of LL.B studies. They will maintain a record and enter the various steps observed during their attendance on different days in the court assignment. This scheme will carry <b>30 marks</b> .	
c	Interviewing techniques and Pre-trial preparations and Internship diary. Each student will observe two interviewing sessions of clients at the Lawyer's Office/Legal Aid Office and record the proceedings in a diary. Each student will further observe the preparation of documents and court papers by the Advocate and the procedure for the filing of the suit/petition. This scheme will carry <b>30 marks</b> .	
d	The fourth component of this paper will be <b>Viva-Voce</b> examination on all the above three aspects. This will carry <b>10 marks</b> .	
e	Student will be required to undertake legal awareness programme in association with N.S.S. and other authorities as directed by the Faculty.	
<b>LLB-603: Taxation Law</b>		



	<p><b>Objective:</b> The following course content has been designed to provide a comprehensive picture of taxation in India to enable student to make a detailed study of tax policy and tax laws</p>	
UNIT -I	<p>Concept of Tax- Nature and characteristics of taxes- Distinction between tax and fee, tax and cess - Direct and Indirect taxes- Tax evasion and tax avoidance- Scope of taxing powers of Parliament, State Legislatures and Local bodies.</p> <p>The Income Tax Act: Basis of taxation of Income- Incomes exempted from tax- Income from salaries- Income from house property- Income from business or profession and vocation- Income from other sources-Taxation of individuals, HUF, firms, association of persons, Co-operative Societies and Non- Residents</p>	
UNIT -II	<p>Income Tax Authorities- Their appointment- Jurisdiction- Powers and functions- Provisions relating to collection and recovery of tax- Refund of tax, appeal and revision provisions, offences and penalties.</p> <p>Wealth Tax: Charge of Wealth tax, assets, deemed assets, and assets exempted from tax- Wealth tax Authorities- Offences and penalties.</p>	
UNIT -III	<p>Central Excise Laws: Nature, scope and basis of levy of Central Excise duty- Meaning of goods-Manufacture and manufacturer- Classification and valuation of goods- Duty payment and exemption provisions-Provisions and procedure dealing with registration and clearance of goods-An overview of set-off of duty scheme.</p>	
UNIT -IV	<p>Customs Laws: Legislative background of the levy- Appointment of Customs officers- Ports-warehouses- Nature and restrictions on exports and imports- Levy, exemption and collection of customs duties, and overview of law and procedure - Clearance of goods from the port, including baggage- Goods imported or exported by post, and stores and goods in transit- Duty drawback provisions.</p>	
UNIT -V	<p>Central Sales Tax Laws: Evolution and scope of levy of Central Sales tax-Inter- State sale outside a State and sale in the course of import and export - Basic principles- Registration of dealers and determination of taxable turnover Service Tax - Main features of Service Tax VAT Introduction to Value Added Tax.</p>	
	<p><b>Suggested Reading:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Dr. V K Singhania - Students Guide to Income tax, Taxmann Publications</li> <li>2. V S Datey - Indirect taxes- Law and Practice, Taxmann Publications</li> </ol> <p><b>Additional Readings:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Girish Ahuja and Ravi Gupta- Systematic Approach to Income – tax and Sales -tax, Bharat Law House</li> <li>2. T N Manoharan- Students Handbook on Income tax law, Snowwhite Publications pvt. Ltd.,</li> <li>3. B. B. Lai- Direct Taxes- Practice and Planning; Konark Publishers Pvt Ltd, Delhi</li> <li>4. Dr. H C Malhotra and Dr S P Goyal- Direct taxes, Sahitya Bhawan, Agra</li> <li>5. Sharad Bhargava- Income tax for Students, Mashbra Industries (P) Ltd, New Delhi</li> <li>6. V Balachandran- Indirect Taxes, Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi</li> </ol>	
<b>LLB-604: Human Rights Law</b>		
	<p><b>Objectives:</b> The objectives of the course are to prepare for responsible citizenship with awareness of the relationship between Human Rights, democracy and development; to foster respect for international obligations for peace and development; to impart education on national and international regime of Human Rights; to sensitize students to human suffering and promotion of human life with dignity; to develop skills on human rights advocacy and to appreciate the relationship between rights and duties and to foster respect for tolerance and compassion for all living creatures.</p>	





	Course contents:	
UNIT- I	Jurisprudence of Human Rights Nature, definition, origin and theories of human rights	
UNIT – II	Universal protection of human rights -United Nations and human rights - Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 1948; International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, 1966; International Covenant Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, 1966	
UNIT – III	Regional Protection of Human rights - European system - Inter American System - African System	
UNIT – IV	Protection of human rights at national level Human rights and the constitution The Protection of Human rights Act, 1993	
UNIT – V	Human Rights and Vulnerable Groups: Rights of Women, Children, Disabled, Tribals, Aged and Minorities - National and International Legal Developments	
	<p>Prescribed Books:</p> <p>Meron Theodor, Ed, Human Rights and International Law: Legal and Policy Issues, 2 Vols, Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1983</p> <p>S K Kapoor, Human rights Under International Law and Indian Law</p> <p>Reference Books:</p> <p>Henkin Luis, Rights of Man Today, London: Stevens, 1978</p> <p>Singh Nagendra, Enforcement of Human Rights in Peace and War and the future of humanity, Calcutta: Eastern Law House, 1986</p> <p>Relevant International Instruments</p> <p>United Nations Charter, 1945</p> <p>Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 1948</p> <p>International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination, 1948</p> <p>International covenant on civil and Political Rights, 1966</p> <p>International covenant on Economic and Cultural Rights, 1966</p> <p>Convention on Elimination of All forms of Discrimination Against Women, 1979</p> <p>Convention on the Rights of the Child, 1989</p>	
<b>LLB-605: Cyber Law</b>		
	<p><b>Objective:</b></p> <p>The objectives of the course are to develop understanding of crimes related to Information Technology and Internet; and relevant laws.</p>	
UNIT –I	<p><b>Concept of Information Technology and Cyber Space-</b> Interface of Technology and Law -<b>Jurisdiction in Cyber Space and</b> Jurisdiction in traditional sense - Internet Jurisdiction - Indian Context of Jurisdiction - Enforcement agencies -International position of Internet Jurisdiction - Cases in Cyber Jurisdiction.</p>	
UNIT -II	<p><b>Information Technology Act, 2000</b> - Aims and Objects – Overview of the Act – Jurisdiction -Electronic Governance – Legal Recognition of Electronic Records and Electronic Evidence -Digital Signature Certificates - Securing Electronic records and secure digital signatures - Duties of Subscribers - Role of Certifying Authorities - Regulators under the Act -The Cyber Regulations Appellate Tribunal - Internet Service Providers and their Liability – Powers of Police under the Act – Impact of the Act on other Laws.</p>	
UNIT –III	<p><b>E-Commerce</b> - UNCITRAL Model - Legal aspects of E-Commerce - Digital Signatures - Technical and Legal issues - E-Commerce, Trends and Prospects - E-taxation, E-banking, online publishing and online credit card payment - Employment Contracts -</p>	



	Contractor Agreements, Sales, Re-Seller and Distributor Agreements, Non-Disclosure Agreements- Shrink Wrap Contract ,Source Code, Escrow Agreements etc.	
UNIT –IV	<b>Cyber Law and IPRs-Understanding Copy Right in Information Technology</b> - Software - Copyrights vs Patents debate - Authorship and Assignment Issues - Copyright in Internet - Multimedia and Copyright issues - Software Piracy – <b>Patents</b> - Understanding Patents - European Position on Computer related Patents - Legal position of U.S. on Computer related Patents - Indian Position on Computer related Patents – <b>Trademarks</b> - Trademarks in Internet - Domain name registration - Domain Name Disputes & WIPO -Databases in Information Technology - Protection of databases - Position in USA,EU and India	
UNIT –V	<b>Cyber Crimes</b> -Meaning of Cyber Crimes –Different Kinds of Cyber crimes – Cyber crimes under IPC, Cr.P.C and Indian Evidence Law - Cyber crimes under the Information Technology Act,2000 - Cyber crimes under International Law - Hacking Child Pornography, Cyber Stalking, Denial of service Attack, Virus Dissemination, Software Piracy,Internet Relay Chat (IRC) Crime, Credit Card Fraud, Net Extortion, Phishing etc - Cyber Terrorism - Violation of Privacy on Internet - Data Protection and Privacy.	
	<p><b>Suggested Readings:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Kamlesh N. &amp;MuraliD.Tiwari(Ed), <i>IT and Indian Legal System</i>, Macmillan India Ltd, New Delhi</li> <li>2. K.L.James, <i>The Internet: A User’s Guide</i> (2003), Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi</li> <li>3. Chris Reed, <i>Internet Law-Text and Materials</i>, 2nd Edition, 2005, Universal Law Publishing Co., New Delhi</li> <li>4. Vakul Sharma, <i>Hand book of Cyber Laws</i>, Macmillan India Ltd, New Delhi</li> <li>5. S.V.JogaRao, <i>Computer Contract &amp; IT Laws</i> (in 2 Volumes), 2005 Prolific Law Publications, New Delhi</li> <li>6. T.Ramappa, <i>Legal Issues in Electronic Commerce</i>, Macmillan India Ltd, New Delhi</li> <li>7. Indian Law Institute, <i>Legal Dimensions of Cyber Space</i>, New Delhi</li> <li>8. Pankaj Jain &amp;SangeetRaiPandey, <i>Copyright and Trademark Laws relating to Computers</i>, Eastern Book Co, New Delhi</li> <li>9. Farouq Ahmed, <i>Cyber Law in India</i></li> <li>10. S.V.JogaRao, <i>Law of Cyber Crimes and Information Technology Law</i>, 2007, Wadhwa&amp; Co, Nagpur</li> </ol>	
	<p><b>Suggested Reading:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. UN Charter</li> <li>2. Constitution of India</li> <li>3. Human Rights Act 1993</li> </ol> <p><b>Additional Reading:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. D.D. Basu – Human Rights</li> <li>2. UpenderBaxi – Human Rights</li> <li>3. Thomas Buergenthal – Human Rights</li> <li>4. Henry Steiner &amp; Philip Alston – International Human Rights Law</li> <li>5. B.G. Ramcharan – International Human Rights (Oxford, 1998)</li> <li>6. 6. Y.K. Tyagi – British Yearbook (2001).</li> </ol>	