

# SUNRISE UNIVERSITY ALWAR, RAJASTHAN

# B.ED. SPL. EDU. Visual Impairment SYLLABUS

		B.ED. SPL. EDU. Vis	ual Impairment	t				
		(VI)						
1 <sup>ST</sup> SEMESTER								
S.NO	COURSE CODE	PAPER NAME	INTERNAL MARKS	EXTERNAL MARKS	TOTAL			
1	A-1	HUMAN GROWTH & DEVELOPMENT	60	100				
2	A-2 CONTEMPORARY 40 60 INDIAAND EDUCATION		60	100				
3	B-7	B-7 INTRODUCTION 40 60 TO SENSORY DISABILITIES		100				
4	B-8	INTRODUCTION TO NEURO DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES	40	60	100			
5	B-9 INTRODUCTION T LOCOMOTOR AN MULTIPLE DISABILITIES		40	60	100			
6 C-12 IDENTIFICATION OF CHILDREN WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENT AND ASSESSMENT OF NEEDS		40	60	100				
		PRACTIC	CAL					
7	E-1	CROSS DISABILITY & INCLUSION	60	40	100			
		TOTAL	300	400	700			

B.ED. SPL. EDU. Visual Impairment Semester – II Syallbus								
S.NO.	COURSE	PAPER NAME	INTERNAL	EXTERNAL	TOTAL			
	CODE		MARKS	MARKS				
1.	A-3	LEARNING, TEACHING	40	60	100			
		AND ASSESSMENT						
2.	B-6	INCLUSIVE EDUCATION	40	60	100			
3.	A-4 (P-1 <sup>st</sup> )	PEDAGOGY OF	40	60	100			
	A-4 (P-2 <sup>nd</sup> )	TEACHING SCIENCES						

	GRAND	TOTAL	260	340	600	
		Disability)				
		(Learning				
		SPECIALISATION				
6.	E-2	DISABILITY	60	40	100	
		PRACTICA	AL			
		CURRICULUM				
		EXPANDED				
		TEACHING				
		STRATEGIES FOR		(		
		ADAPTATION AND				
5.	C-13	CURRICULUM,	40	60	100	
		TEACHING ENGLISH				
		PEDAGOGY OF				
	A-3 (r-3*)	OR			100	
т.	A-5 (P-5 <sup>th</sup> )	TEACHING HINDI	40	60	100	
4.	A-5 (P-4 <sup>th</sup> )	PEDAGOGY OF	40	60	100	
		SCIENCE				
		PEDAGOGY OF TEACHING SOCIAL				
		OR				
		MATHEMATICS				
		TEACHING				
		PEDAGOGY OF				
	A-4 (P-3 <sup>rd</sup> )	OR				

# **B.ED. SPL. EDU. Visual Impairment**

# 3<sup>rd</sup> SEMESTER Syllabus

<b>S.I.</b>	Course	PAPER NAME	Internal	External	Total			
No.	Code		Marks	Marks				
1.	C-14	EDUCATIONAL INTERVENTION	40	60	100			
		AND TEACHING						
		STRATEGIES						
2.	C-15	TECHNOLOGY AND DISABILITY	40	60	100			
3.	C-16	PSYCHO SOCIAL AND FAMILY	40	60	100			
		ISSUES						
4.	<b>D-17</b>	READINGAND REFLECTING ON	40	60	100			
		TEXTS						
5.	<b>D-18</b>	PERFORMING AND VISUAL ARTS	40	60	100			
	PRACTICAL							
6.	E-2	DISABILITY SPECIALISATION	60	40	100			
7.	<b>F-1</b>	MAIN DISABILITY SPECIAL	60	40	100			
		SCHOOL						
	Total 320 380 700							

# **B.ED. SPL. EDU. Visual Impairment**

# 4<sup>th</sup> Semester Syallbus

		<b>B.ED. SPL. EDU. Visual Impairn</b>	nent			
		4 <sup>th</sup> Semester Syallbus		SY		
S.I .No ·	Course Code	Paper Name	Internal Marks	External Marks	Total	
1	B 10	<ul> <li>Skillbased Optional Course (Cross</li> <li>disability and inclusion) ANY ONE <ul> <li>B 10(A) Guidance and Counseling</li> <li>B 10(B) Early Childhood Care &amp; Education</li> <li>B 10(C) Applied Behavioural Analysis</li> <li>B 10(D) Community BasedRehabilitation</li> <li>B 10(E) Application of ICT in Classroom</li> <li>B 10(F) Gender and Disability</li> <li>B 10(G) Braille and Assistive Devices</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	40	60	100	
2	B 11	<ul> <li>Skill based Optional Course (specialization disability) ANY ONE</li> <li>B 11(A) Orientation &amp; Mobility</li> <li>B 11(B) Communication Options: Oralism</li> <li>B 11(C) Communication Options:</li> <li>Manual (Indian Sign Language)</li> <li>B 11(D) Augmentative and Alternative Communication</li> <li>B 11(E) Management of Learning Disability</li> <li>B 11(F) Vocational Rehabilitation &amp; Transition to Job Placement</li> </ul>	40	60	100	
3.	D-19	BASIC RESEARCH AND STATISTICS	40	60	100	
4.	E-1	Practical: CROSS DISABILITY & INCLUSION	40	60	100	
5.	<b>F-2</b>	OTHER DISABILITYSPECIALSCHOOL	40	60	100	
6.	<b>F-3</b>	INCLSUIVESCHOOL	40	60	100	
		Total	240	360	600	

# HUMAN GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT

#### **Unit 1: Approaches to Human Development**

- a. Human development as a discipline from infancy to adulthood
- b. Concepts and Principles of development
- c. Developing Human- Stages (Prenatal development, Infancy, Childhood, Adolescence, Adulthood)
- d. Nature vs Nurture
- e. Domains (Physical, Sensory- perceptual, Cognitive, Socio-emotional, Language & communication, Social relationship)

#### **Unit 2: Theoretical Approaches to Development**

- a. Cognitive & Social- cognitive theories (Piaget, Vygotsky, Bruner, Bandura)
- b. Psychosocial Theory (Erikson)
- c. Psychoanalytic Theory (Freud)
- d. Ecological Theory (Bronfrenbrenner)
- e. Holistic Theory of Development (Steiner)

#### Unit 3: The Early Years (Birth to Eight Years)

- a. Prenatal development: Conception, stages and influences on prenatal development
- b. Birth and Neonatal development: Screening the newborn APGAR Score, Reflexes and responses, neuro-perceptual development
- c. Milestones and variations in Development
- d. Environmental factors influencing early childhood development

e. Role of play in enhancing development

#### **Unit 4: Early Adolescence (From nine years to eighteen years)**

- a. Emerging capabilities across domains of physical and social emotional
- b. Emerging capabilities across domains related to cognition metacognition, creativity, ethics.
- c. Issues related to puberty
- d. Gender and development
- e. Influence of the environment (social, cultural, political) on the growing child

#### **Unit 5: Transitions into Adulthood**

- a. Psychological well-being
- b. Formation of identity and self-concept
- c. Emerging roles and responsibilities
- d. Life Skills and independent living
- e. Career Choices

- Berk, L. E. (2000). Human Development. Tata Mc.Graw Hill Company, New York.
- Brisbane, E. H. (2004). The developing child. Mc.Graw Hill, USA.
- Cobb, N. J. (2001). The child infants, children and adolescents. Mayfield Publishing Company, California.
- Hurlocl, E. B. (2005). Child growth and development. Tata Mc.Graw Hill Publishing Company, New York.
- Hurlocl, E. B. (2006). Developmental Psychology- A life span approach. Tata Mc.Graw Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi.
- Meece, J. S., & Eccles J. L (Eds) (2010). Handbook of Research on Schools, Schooling and Human Development. New York: Routledge.
- Mittal, S. (2006). Child development- Experimental Psychology. Isha Books, Delhi.
- Nisha, M. (2006). Introduction to child development, Isha Books, Delhi.
- Papalia, D. E., & Olds, S. W. (2005). Human development. Tata Mc.Graw Hill Publishing Company, New York.
- Santrock, J. W. (2006). Child Development., Tata Mc.Graw Hill Publishing Company, New York.

## **CONTEMPORARY INDIA AND EDUCATION**

#### **Unit 1: Philosophical Foundations of Education**

- a. Education: Concept, definition and scope
- b. Agencies of Education: School, family, community and media
- c. Philosophies of Education: idealism, naturalism, pragmatism, existentialism, humanism, constructivism and connectionism
- d. Classical Indian Perspective (Budhism, Jainism, Vedanta Darshan, Sankya Darshan)
- e. Indian Philosophers (Aurobindo, Gandhi, Tagore, Krishna Murthy)

#### **Unit 2: Understanding Diversity**

- a. Concept of Diversity
- b. Types of Diversity: Gender, linguistic, cultural, socio-economic and disability
- c. Diversity in learning and play
- d. Addressing diverse learning needs
- e. Diversity: Global Perspective

#### **Unit 3: Contemporary Issues and Concerns**

- a. Universalisation of School Education, Right to Education and Universal Access
- b. Issues of a) Universal enrolment b) Universal retention c) Universal learning
- c. Issues of quality and equity: Physical, economic, social, cultural and linguistic, particularly w.r.t girl child, weaker sections and disabled
- d. Equal Educational Opportunity: (i) Meaning of equality and constitutional provisions (ii) Prevailing nature and forms of inequality, including dominant and minority groups and related issues
- e. Inequality in Schooling: Public-private schools, rural-urban schools, single teacher schools and other forms of inequalities such as regular and distance education system.

#### Unit 4: Education Commissions and Policy (School Education)

- a. Constitutional provisions on education that reflect National Ideals: Equality, liberty, secularism, and social justice
- b. National Commissions and Policies: Education Commission (1964), NPE and POA (1986, 1992), National Policy for Persons with Disabilities (2006)
- c. National Acts: RCI Act, 1992, PWD Act, 1995, NT Act, 1999, RTE Act (2009 & 2012).
- Programmes and Schemes: IEDC (1974, 1983), SSA (2000, 2011), RMSA, 2009, IEDSS, 2009

e. International Conventions and Policies: Salamanca Declaration and Framework, 1994; UNCRPD, 2006; MDG, 2015; INCHEON strategies

#### **Unit 5: Issues and Trends in Education**

- a. Challenges of education from preschool to senior secondary
- b. Inclusive education as a rights based model
- c. Complementarity of inclusive and special schools
- d. Language issues in education
- e. Community participation and community based education

- Guha, R. (2007). India after Gandhi: The History of the World's Largest Democracy. Macmillon, Delhi.
- National Education Commission. (1964-66). Ministry of Education, Government of India, New Delhi.
- National Policy on Education. (1986 & 92). Ministry of Human Resource Development Government of India, New Delhi.
- Right to Education Act (2009). Ministry of Human Resource Development, Government of India, New Delhi.
- Aggarwal, J. C. (1992). Development and Planning of Modern Education. Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- Ain, L. C. (2010). Civil Disobedience, Book Review Literary Trust: New Delhi. Select chapters.
- Anand, S. P. (1993). The Teacher & Education in Emerging Indian Society. NCERT, New Delhi.
- Bhat, B. D. (1996). Educational Documents in India. Arya Book Depot, New Delhi.
- Bhatia, K., & Bhatia, B. (1997). The Philosophical and Sociological Foundations. Doaba House, New Delhi.
- Biswas. A. (1992). Education in India. Arya Book Depot, New Delhi.
- Biswas. A., & Aggarwal, J.C. (1992). Education in India, Arya Book Depot, New Delhi.
- Chakravarty, S. (1987). Development Planning: The Indian Experience. Oxford University press, New Delhi.
- Chandra, B. (1997). Nationalism and Colonialism, Orient Longman, Hyderabad.
- Choudhary. K.C., & Sachdeva, L. (1995). Total literacy by 2000, IAE Association, New Delhi.

- Deaton A., & Dreze, J. (2008-2009). Poverty and Inequality in India in Raj Kapila and Uma Kapila (Ed.) in Indian Economy since Independence. Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- Deshpande, S. (2004). Contemporary India: A Sociological View. Penguin, New Delhi.
- Dubey, S. C. (2001). Indian Society, National Book Trust, New Delhi.
- Famous Speeches of Gandhi ji: Speech on the Eve of The Last Fast, January 12, 1948.
- http://unesdoc.unesco.org/images/0023/002322/232205e.pdf
- http://www.gandhi-manibhavan.org/gandhicomesalive/speech8.htm
- http://www.mkgandhi.org/speeches/speechMain.htm
- Jain, L.C. (2010). Civil Disobedience. Book Review Literary Trust, New Delhi.
- Jagannath. M. (1993). Indian Education in the Emerging Society. Sterling publishers Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- Jangira, N.K. (2012). NCERT Mother of Inclusive Education Address on Golden Jubilee of NCERT at RIE, Ajmer on 01 Sept. 2012.
- Kashyap, S. C. (2009). The Constitution of India. National Book Trust, New Delhi.
- Mahendru, M., & Roy, S. (2011). A Handbook on Disability Rehabilitation & Special Education. Educare Publications, New Delhi.
- Sapra, C. L., & Aggarwal, A. (1987). Education in India some critical Issues. National Book Organisation, New Delhi.
- Saraswathi, T. S. (1999). Culture, Socialization and Human Development. Sage Publications, New Delhi.

# **INTRODUCTION TO SENSORY DISABILITY**

#### **Unit 1: Hearing Impairment: Nature & Classification**

- a. Types of sensory impairments: Single (Hearing Impairment & Visual Impairment) & Dual sensory impairment (Deaf-blindness)
- b. Importance of hearing
- c. Process of hearing & its impediment leading to different types of hearing loss
- d. Definition of hearing loss, demographics & associated terminologies: deaf/ Deaf/ deafness/ hearing impaired/ disability/ handicapped
- e. Challenges arising due to congenital and acquired hearing loss

#### **Unit 2: Impact of Hearing Loss**

- a. Characteristics of learners with hearing loss and impact of different degrees of hearing impairment on communication
- b. Language & communication issues attributable to hearing loss and need for early Intervention
- c. Communication options, preferences & facilitators of individuals with hearing loss
- d. Issues & measures in literacy development and scholastic achievement of students with hearing loss
- e. Restoring techniques using human (interpreter) & technological support (hearing devices)

#### Unit 3: Visual Impairment- Nature and Assessment

- a. Process of Seeing and Common Eye Disorders in India
- b. Blindness and Low Vision--Definition and Classification
- c. Demographic Information--NSSO and Census 2011
- d. Importance of Early Identification and Intervention
- e. Functional Assessment Procedures

#### **Unit 4: Educational Implications of Visual Impairment**

- a. Effects of Blindness- Primary and Secondary
- b. Selective Educational Placement
- c. Teaching Principles
- d. Expanded Core Curriculum- Concept and Areas
- e. Commonly Used Low Cost and Advanced Assistive Devices

#### Unit 5: Deaf-blindness

- a. Definition, causes, classification, prevalence and characteristics of deaf-blindness
- b. Effects and implications of deaf-blindness on activities of daily living & education
- c. Screening, assessment, identification & interventional strategies of deaf-blindness
- d. Fostering early communication development: Methods, assistive devices and practices including AAC
- e. Addressing orientation, mobility & educational needs of students with deaf-blindness

- Bradford, L. J. & Hardy, W.G. (1979). Hearing and Hearing Impairment. New York: Grune and Stratton.
- Davis, H. & Silverman, S. R. (1970). Hearing and Deafness Part I. Holt, London: Rinehart & Winston.
- Holbrook, C.M., & Koenig, A. J. (Eds.) (2000). Foundations of Education, Vol I: History and Theory of Teaching Children and Youths with Visual Impairments. (2<sup>nd</sup> ed): New York: AFB Press.
- Kelley, P., & Gale, G. (1998). Towards Excellence: Effective education for students with

vision impairments. Sydney: North Rocks Press.

- Lowenfeld, B. (1973). Visually Handicapped Child in School and Society; American Foundation for the Blind; NewYork.
- Lynas, W. (2000). Communication options. In J. Stokes (Ed), Hearing Impaired Infants Support in the first eighteen months. London: Whurr Publishers Ltd.
- Martin, F. N., & Clark, J.G. (2009). Introduction to Audiology. 10th ed. Boston: Pearson Education.
- Martin, F.N., & Clark, J.G. (2012). Introduction to Audiology. 11th ed. Boston: Pearson Education.
- National Institute for the Visually Handicapped (2015). Information Booklet on Visual Impairment in India, Dehradun: Government of India.
- Nerbonne, M. A., & Schow, R.L. (2002). Introduction to Audiologic Rehabilitation. Boston: Allyn and Bacon.
- Nerbonne, M. A., & Schow, R.L. (2013). Introduction to Audiologic Rehabilitation. 6th ed. Boston: Pearson Education.
- Northern, J. L., & Downs, M. P. (2002). Hearing in Children (5th Ed.). Philadelphia: Williams & Wilkins
- Prescod, S. V. (1978). Audiology Handbook of Hearing Disorders. New York: Van Nostrand Reinhold Company.
- Sataloff, R. T., & Sataloff, J. (2005). Hearing Loss. (4th Ed.) London: Taylor & Francis.
- Assessment and Training. Baltimore: Williams and Wilkins.
- Warren, D.H. (1994). Blindness and Children: An Individual Differences Approach. New York: Cambridge University Press.
- Auditory-Verbal International (1991). Auditory-Verbal Position Statement. Auricle 4, 11-12.
- Harp, B. (2006). The handbook of literacy assessment and evaluation, (3rd Eds). Norwood. Christopher-Gordon Publishers, Inc., Norwood,M.A.
- Katz, J. (1985). Handbook of Clinical Audiology(4th Ed.). Williams and Wilkins, Baltimore.
- Loreman, T., Deppeler, J., & Harvey, D. (2005). Inclusive education A practical guide to supporting diversity in the classroom. (2nd Eds.). Routledge, London.
- Norris, G. H., & Romer, L.T. (1995). Welcoming Students who are deafblind to typical classrooms. Paul H. Brookes, New Jersey.
- Pandey, R. S., & Advani, L. (1995). Perspectives in Disability and Rehabilitation. Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.
- Proceedings from National Conference on Centenary for Work for the Blind in India (1987). All India Confederation of the Blind and Christoffel Blinden Mission. R.K.Printers, New Delhi.
- Scholl, G.T. (1986). Foundations of Education for Blind and Visually Handicapped Children and Youth. American Foundation for the BLind, New York.
- Tucker, I., & Nolan, M. (1984). Educational Audiology. Croom Helm, London.

• Tye-Murray, N. (1998). Intervention Plans for Children. In Tye-Murray N. (Eds) Foundations of Aural Rehabilitation. Singular, San Diego.

# **INTRODUCTION TO NEURO DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES**

#### Unit 1: Learning Disability: Nature, Needs and Intervention

- a. Definition, Types and Characteristics
- b. Tools and Areas of Assessment
- c. Strategies for reading, Writing and Maths
- d. Curricular Adaptation, IEP, Further Education,
- e. Transition Education, Life Long Education

#### Unit 2: Intellectual Disability: Nature, Needs and Intervention

- a. Definition, Types and Characteristics
- b. Tools and Areas of Assessment
- c. Strategies for Functional Academics and Social Skills
- d. Assistive Devices, Adaptations, Individualized Education Plan, Person Centered Plan, Life Skill Education
- e. Vocational Training and Independent Living

#### Unit 3: Autism Spectrum Disorder: Nature, Needs and Intervention

- a. Definition, Types and Characteristics
- b. Tools and Areas of Assessment
- c. Instructional Approaches
- d. Teaching Methods
- e. Vocational Training and Career Opportunities

#### **Suggested Readings:**

• Accardo, P.J., Magnusen, C., & Capute, A.J. (2000). Autism: Clinical and Research Issues. York Press, Baltimore.

- American Psychiatric Association. (2000). Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (4th ed. TR). Washington DC.
- Bala, M.J. (2004). Methods of Teaching Exceptional Children. Discovery, New Delhi.
- Browning, R. E. (2004). Teaching Students with Behaviour and Severe Emotional Problems. http://www.k12.wa.us/specialed/families/pubdocs/bestpractices.pdf
- Higgins, J. (2003) Practical Ideas that Really Work for Students with Dyslexia and Other Reading Disorders. PRO-ED, Austin.
- Moyes, R.A. (2010). Building Sensory Friendly Classrooms to Support Children with Challenging Behaviors: Implementing Data Driven Strategies. Sensory World, Texas.
- Pierangelo, R., & Giuliani G.A. (2003). Transition services in Special Education, Allyn & Bacon, London.
- Reddy G.L., & Rama, R. (2000). Education of Children with Special Needs. Discovery Pub, New Delhi.
- Simpson, R. L., & Myles, B, S. (2008). Educating Children and Youth with Autism: Strategies for Effective Practice. Pro Ed. Texas.
- Smith, D.D. (2003). Introduction to Special Education Teaching in an Age of opportunity. Allyn & Bacon, Boston.
- Strichart, S. S. (1993). Teaching Study Strategies to Students with Learning Disabilities. Allyn & Bacon, Boston.
- Swady, E.R. (1989). Diagnosis & Correction of Reading, Difficulties. Allyn & Bacon, Boston.
- Taylor, B. (1988). Reading Difficulties: Instruction and Assessment. Random House, New York.
- Wong, B. Y. L. (1996) .The ABCs of learning disabilities (1st ed.) Academic Press, San Diego, CA

### INTRODUCTION TO LOCOMOTOR AND MULTIPLE DISABILITIES

#### Unit 1: Cerebral Palsy (CP)

a. CP: Nature, Types and Its Associated Conditions

- b. Assessment of Functional Difficulties of CP including Abnormalities of Joints and Movements (Gaits)
- c. Provision of Therapeutic Intervention and Referral of Children with CP
- d. Implications of Functional Limitations of Children with CP in Education and Creating Prosthetic Environment in School and Home: Seating Arrangements, Positioning and Handling Techniques at Home and School
- e. Facilitating Teaching-Learning of Children with CP in School, IEP, Developing TLM; Assistive Technology to Facilitate Learning and Functional Activities

#### Unit 2: Amputees, Polio, Spinal Cord Injuries Spina-bifida and Muscular Dystrophy

- a. Definition, Meaning and Classification
- b. Assessment of Functional Difficulties
- c. Provision of Therapeutic Intervention and Referral
- d. Implications of Functional Limitations for Education and Creating Prosthetic Environment in School and Home: Seating Arrangements, Positioning and Handling Techniques at Home and School
- e. Facilitating Teaching-Learning: IEP, Developing TLM; Assistive technology

#### Unit 3: Multiple Disabilities and Other Disabling Conditions

- a. Multiple Disabilities: Meaning and Classifications
- b. Various Combinations of Multiple Disabilities and Associated Conditions Such as Epilepsy, Motor and Sensory Conditions
- c. Other Disabling Conditions such as Leprosy Cured Students, Tuberous Sclerosis and Multiple Sclerosis
- d. Implications of Functional Limitations for Education and Creating Prosthetic Environment in School and Home: Seating Arrangements, Positioning and Handling Techniques at Home and School
- e. Facilitating Teaching-Learning: IEP, Developing TLM; Assistive technology

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- Miller, F. and Bachrach, S.J. (2012). Cerebral Palsy: A Complete Guide for Caregiving. A Johns Hopkins Press Health Book.
- Sarva Siksha Abhiyan. Module on Cerebral Palsy. <u>http://ssa.nic.in/inclusiveeducation/</u> training-module-for-resource-teachers-for-disablechildren/ Module%205%20Cerebral%20Palsy.pdf / at \_download/file
- Sarva Siksha Abhiyan . Module on Multiple Disabilities. <u>http://ssa.nic.in/inclusiveeducation/</u> training -module-for-resource-teachers-for-disablechildren/ Module%203%20 Multiple% 20Disability.pdf/at\_download/file

### IDENTIFICATION OF CHILDREN WITH VISUAL IMPAIRMENT AND ASSESSMENT OF NEEDS

#### Unit 1: Anatomy and Physiology of Human Eye

- 1.1 Structure and Function of human eye
- 1.2 Normal vision development and process of seeing
- 1.3 Principles of refraction and refractive errors
- 1.4 Concept and definitions of blindness and low vision
- 1.5 Concept of visual acuity, visual field, depth perception and contrast sensitivity

#### Unit 2: Types of Visual Impairment and Common Eye Disorders

- 2.1 Loss of Visual acuity
- 2.2 Loss of Visual field
- 2.3 Colour vision defect and loss of contrast sensitivity
- 2.4 Refractive errors, Vitamin-A deficiency, Cataract, Glaucoma, Corneal ulcer, trachoma, Albinism,

Retinal detachment, Retinitis pigmentosa, Retinopathy of prematurity, Cortical Visual Impairment, Optic

Atrophy, Nystagmus, Amblyopia, and Macular degeneration

2.5 Educational implications of different Eye disorders

#### Unit 3: Implications of Visual Impairment and Needs of Visually Impaired

3.1 Psychosocial implications of visual impairment

3.2 Factors affecting implications of visual impairment: Age of onset, degree of vision, type of vision loss, prognosis, and socio economic status of the family

3.3 Effect of visual impairment on growth and development: Physical, Motor, Language, Socio-emotional, and Cognitive development

3.4 Educational needs of the visually impaired and need for expanded core curriculum

3.5 Implications of low vision and needs of children with low vision

#### Unit 4: Identification and Assessment of Visual Impairment

4.1 Interpretation of clinical assessment of vision

4.2 Functional assessment of vision: Concept, need and methods

4.3 Tools of functional assessment of vision and skills: Functional skills inventory for the blind (FSIB),

Low Vision Assessment by Jill Keeffe, Lea tests, and Portfolio assessment

4.4 Tools for psychological assessment of the visually impaired: Vithoba Paknikar Performance Test, A short Scale IQ measure for the visually impaired based on WISC-R, Adapted EPQ, Adapted Blind Learning Aptitude Test, Concept development for blind children, Reading Preference Test, Cornell Medical Index for Visually Handicapped Children

4.5 Report writing.

#### Unit 5: Assessment of Learning Needs of Children with VIMD

5.1 Concept and definition of VIMD

5.2 Etiology of VIMD

5.3 Impact of VIMD on learning and development

5.4 Screening, identification, and assessment of Visually Impaired children with associated disabilities

5.5 Multidisciplinary assessment of Visually Impaired children with Associated Disabilities

#### **Essential Readings**

- Barraga, N. C. (1980). Sequences of Visual Development. Austin: University of Texas.
- Bhan, S. & Swarup, S. (2010). Functional Skills Inventory for the Blind.Mumbai: National association for the blind.

- Bhandari, R. & Narayan J. (2009).Creating learning opportunities: a step by step guide to teaching students with vision impairment and additional disabilities, including deafblindness. India: Voice and vision.
- Hyvarinen, L. & Jacob N. (2011).What and how does this child see: assessment of visual functioning for development and learning. Finland:Vistest Ltd.
- Mukhopadhyay, S., Mani, M.N.G., RoyChoudary & Jangira, N.K. (1988). Source Book for Training Teachers of Visually Impaired. New Delhi: NCERT.
- Leat, S.J., Shute R.H., & Westall, C.A. (1999). Assessing children's vision: A handbook. Oxford: Butterworth-Heinemann.
- Mani, M.N.G. (2001). Reading Preference Test (REPT) for Children with Low Vision. Coimbatore: International Human Resource Development Centre for the Disabled.
- Mani, M.N.G. (1992). Concept development of blind children. Coimbatore:SRK Vidyalaya.
- Scholl, G. T. (Ed.) (1986). Foundations of the education for blind and visually handicapped children and youth: Theory and Practice. New York: AFB Press.
- Singh, T.B. (1986). A short Scale I.Q Measure for the Visually Handicapped. Dehradun: NIVH.
- Singh, T.B. (1986). Eyssenck Personality Questionnaire (EPQ) for the Visually Handicapped. Dehradun: NIVH.
- Singh, T.B. (1986).Standardisation of Cornell Medical Index on Visually Handicapped children.Dehradun: NIVH.
- Singh, T.B & Sati, G. (1992). Use of Blind Learning Aptitude Test as a performance measure for the assessment of Visually Handicapped Children in India.Dehradun: NIVH.
- Warren, D.H. (1983). Blindness and Early Childhood Development. New York: AFB Press.

### Suggested Readings

- Holbrook M. C. & Koenig A. J. (Eds.) (2000). Foundations of Education, Vol I: History and Theory of Teaching Children and Youths with Visual Impairments, (2nd Ed): New York: AFB Press.
- Kundu, C.L. (2000). Status of Disability in India, New Delhi, RCI.
- National Institute for the Visually Handicapped (1990). Handbook for Teachers of the Blind, Dehradun: NIVH.
- Punani, B., & Rawal, N. (1993). Handbook: Visual Impairment. New Delhi : Ashish Publishing House

# Semester: I

# E 1: Cross disability & inclusion

SI.	Tasks for the	Disability	Educational	Specific	Hrs.	Marks	Submissions
		•		Specific		warks	Submissions
NO	Student	Focus	Settings	Activities	(60)		
•	teachers						
1.	Classroom	1.VI	1.Special	1.Learners	10		
	observation		School	will			
				observe		ZYZ	
		2.Other than	2.Minimum	students in			
		VI	three special		10	25	
			schools	educational	10	20	
				settings,			
				curriculum			
		3.Any	3. Inclusive	transaction,	10		
		disability	schools	classroom	10		
				interaction			
				in			
				curricular			
				and co-			
				curricular			
				areas and			
				submit a			
				report			
2.	Learning of Braille	VI and	College	2.Introducti	30	25	
	_	Deaf-blind		on to			
				Bharati/			
				Hindi or			
				Regional			
				Braille			

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### LEARNING, TEACHING AND ASSESSMENT

#### **Unit 1: Human Learning and Intelligence**

- a. Human learning: Meaning, definition and concept formation
- b. Learning theories:
  - Behaviourism: Pavlov, Thorndike, Skinner
  - Cognitivism: Piaget, Bruner
  - Social Constructism: Vygotsky, Bandura
- c. Intelligence:
  - Concept and definition
  - Theories: Two-factor, Multifactor, Triarchic Theory (Robert Steinberg)
- d. Creativity: Concept, Definition and Characteristics
- e. Implications for Classroom Teaching and Learning

#### **Unit 2: Learning Process and Motivation**

- a. Sensation: Definition and Sensory Process
- b. Attention: Definition and Affecting Factors
- c. Perception: Definition and Types
- d. Memory, Thinking, and Problem Solving
- e. Motivation: Nature, Definition and Maslow's Theory

#### **Unit 3: Teaching Learning Process**

- a. Maxims of Teaching
- b. Stages of Teaching: Plan, Implement, Evaluate, Reflect
- c. Stages of Learning: Acquisition, Maintenance, Generalization
- d. Learning Environment: Psychological and Physical
- e. Leadership Role of Teacher in Classroom, School and Community

#### **Unit 4: Overview of Assessment and School System**

- a. Assessment: Conventional meaning and constructivist perspective
- b. 'Assessment of Learning' and 'Assessment for Learning': Meaning and difference
- c. Comparing and contrasting assessment, evaluation, measurement, test and examination
- d. Formative and summative evaluation, Curriculum Based Measurement
- e. Revisiting key concepts in school evaluation: filtering learners, marks, credit, grading, choice, alternate certifications, transparency, internal-external proportion, improvement option

#### **Unit 5: Assessment: Strategies and Practices**

- a. Strategies: (Oral, written, portfolio, observation, project, presentation, group discussion, open book test, surprise test, untimed test, team test, records of learning landmark, cloze set/open set and otherinnovative measures) Meaning and procedure
- b. Typology and levels of assessment items: Multiole choice, open ended and close ended; direct, indirect, inferential level
- c. Analysis, reporting, interpretation, documentation, feedback and pedagogic decisions

- d. Assessment of diverse learners: Exemptions, concessions, adaptations and accommodations;
- e. School examinations: Critical review of current examination practices and their assumptions about learning and development; Efforts for exam reforms: Comprehensive and Continuous Evaluation (CCE), NCF (2005) and RTE (2009)

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- Salvia, J., & Ysseldyke. J.E. (1998). Assessment. (7th ed) Houghton Mifflin, Boston.

# **INCLUSIVE EDUCATION**

#### **Unit 1: Introduction to Inclusive Education**

- a. Marginalisation vs. Inclusion: Meaning & Definitions
- b. Changing Practices in Education of Children with Disabilities: Segregation, Integration & Inclusion
- c. Diversity in Classrooms: Learning Styles, Linguistic & Socio-Cultural Multiplicity
- d. Principles of Inclusive Education: Access, Equity, Relevance, Participation & Empowerment
- e. Barriers to Inclusive Education: Attitudinal, Physical & Instructional

#### **Unit 2: Polices & Frameworks Facilitating Inclusive Education**

- a. International Declarations: Universal Declaration of Human Rights (1948), World Declaration for Education for All (1990)
- b. International Conventions: Convention against Discrimination (1960), Convention on Rights of a Child (1989), United Nations Convention of Rights of Persons with Disabilities (UNCRPD) (2006)
- c. International Frameworks: Salamanca Framework (1994), Biwako Millennium Framework of Action (2002)
- d. National Commissions & Policies: Kothari Commission (1964), National Education Policy (1968), National Policy on Education (1986), Revised National Policy of Education (1992), National CurricularFramework (2005), National Policy For Persons With Disabilities (2006)
- e. National Acts & Programs: IEDC (1974), RCI Act (1992), PWD Act (1995), National Trust Act (1999), SSA(2000), RTE (2006), RMSA (2009), IEDSS (2013)

#### **Unit 3: Adaptations Accommodations and Modifications**

- a. Meaning, Difference, Need & Steps
- b. Specifics for Children with Sensory Disabilities
- c. Specifics for Children with Neuro-Developmental Disabilities
- d. Specifics for Children with Loco Motor & Multiple Disabilities
- e. Engaging Gifted Children

Unit 4: Inclusive Academic Instructions

- a. Universal Design for Learning: Multiple Means of Access, Expression, Engagement & Assessment
- b. Co-Teaching Methods: One Teach One Assist, Station-Teaching, Parallel Teaching, Alternate Teaching& Team Teaching
- c. Differentiated Instructions: Content, Process & Product
- d. Peer Mediated Instructions: Class Wide Peer Tutoring, Peer Assisted Learning Strategies
- e. ICT for Instructions

#### **Unit 5: Supports and Collaborations for Inclusive Education**

- a. Stakeholders of Inclusive Education & Their Responsibilities
- b. Advocacy & Leadership for Inclusion in Education
- c. Family Support & Involvement for Inclusion
- d. Community Involvement for Inclusion
- e. Resource Mobilisation for Inclusive Education

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## PEDAGOGY OF TEACHING SCIENCES

#### **Unit 1: Nature and Significance of Science**

- a. Nature, Scope, Importance and Value of Science
- b. Science As An Integrated Area of Study
- c. Science and Modern Indian Society: Relationship of Science and Society
- d. Impact of Science with Special Reference to Issues related with Environment, Industrialization andDisarmament
- e. Role of Science for Sustainable Development

#### **Unit 2: Planning for Instruction**

- a. Aims and Objectives of Teaching Science in Elementary and Secondary School
- b. Bloom's Taxonomy of Educational Objectives and Writing Objectives in Behavioural Terms
- c. Lesson Planning Importance and Basic Steps. Planning Lesson for an Explanation, Demonstration, and Numerical Problem in Teaching of Sciences
- d. Unit Planning Format of A Unit Plan
- e. Pedagogical Analysis: Meaning and Need. Guidelines for Conducting Pedagogical Analysis

#### **Unit 3: Approaches and Methods of Teaching Sciences**

- a. Process Approach, Direct Experience Approach, Inductive-Deductive Approach
- b. Lecture, Demonstration, Discussion, Problem-solving, Concept-mapping, Programmed Instruction, Team Teaching, Seminar, Computer Assisted Learning (CAL)
- c. Project Method and Heuristic Method
- d. Creating Different Situations of Learning Engagement: Group Learning, Individual Learning, Small Group, Cooperative (Peer-Tutoring, Jigsaw, etc.), Situated/Contextual Learning with reference to Children with Disabilities
- e. Constructivist Approach and its Use in Teaching Science

#### Unit 4: Learning Resources with reference to Children with Disabilities for Teaching Science

- Teaching Learning Aids Need, Importance, Selection, Use and Classification of Aids
   Based on Typeof Experience, Audio Visual Aids, Multimedia, Charts, and Models (Tactile and Visual)
- b. Importance of Co-Curricular Activities-Science Club, Science Exhibition, Science Text Books-

Characteristics and Significance with reference to Children with Disabilities

- c. The Science Laboratory-Planning Organization of Lab, Storage, Record Keeping and Safety of ScientificEquipments with reference to Children with Disabilities
- d. Aquarium, Vivarium Role in Teaching with Setting & Maintaining
- e. Museum, Botanical And Zoological Garden: Role In Teaching

#### **Unit 5: Evaluation**

- a. Evaluation- Concept, Nature and Need
- b. Norm Referenced & Criterion Referenced Evaluation, Comprehensive and Continuous Evaluation:
  - Concept and Significance, Scholastic and Co-Scholastic Assessment
- c. Tools and Techniques for Formative and Summative Assessments
- d. Preparation of Diagnostic Test and Achievement Test
- e. Adaptations of Evaluation Procedure With Reference To Children With Disabilities

- Brown, R. (1978). Science instruction of visually Impaired Youth. New York: AFB.
- Buxton, A. C. (2010). Teaching Science in Elementary and Middle School. NewDelhi: Sage Publications.
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- Mangal, S.K., & Mangal, S.(2005). Teaching of Biological Sciences. International Publishing House, Meerut

## PEDAGOGY OF TEACHING MATHEMATICS

#### **Unit 1: Nature of Mathematics**

- a. Meaning, Nature, Importance and Value of Mathematics
- b. Axioms, Postulates, Assumptions and Hypothesis in Mathematics
- c. Historical Development of Notations and Number Systems
- d. Contribution of Mathematicians (Ramanujam, Aryabhatta, Bhaskaracharya, Euclid, Pythagoras)
- e. Perspectives on Psychology of Teaching and Learning of Mathematics- Constructivism, Enactivism, Vygotskyian Perspectives, and Zone of Proximal Development

#### **Unit 2: Objectives and Instructional Planning in Mathematics**

- a. Aims and Objectives of Teaching Mathematics in Elementary and Secondary Schools
- b. Bloom's Taxonomy of Educational Objectives and Writing Objectives in Behavioural Terms
- c. Lesson Planning– Importance and Basic Steps. Planning Lesson of Arithmetic, Algebra and Geometry
- d. Unit Planning Format of A Unit Plan
- e. Pedagogical Analysis: Meaning and Need and Procedure for Conducting Pedagogical Analysis. Classification of Content, Objective, Evaluation, etc

#### Unit 3: Strategies for Learning and Teaching Mathematics

- a. Concept Formation and Concept Attainment: Concept Attainment Model for Learning and Teaching of Concepts
- b. Learning By Exposition: Advanced Organizer Model
- c. Methods of Teaching- Lecture, Discussion, Demonstration, Inductive-Deductive, Analytic-Synthetic,

Problem-Solving, and Project

- d. Techniques of Teaching Mathematics: Oral Work, Written Work, Drill-Work, Brain-Storming andComputer Assisted Instruction (CAI)
- e. Creating Different Situations of Learning Engagement: Group Learning, Individual Learning, Small-Group, Cooperative (Peer-Tutoring, Jigsaw, etc.), and Situational/Contextual Learning

#### Unit 4: Teaching-Learning Resources in Mathematics for Students with Disabilities

a. Mathematics Laboratory- Concept, Need, and Equipment for Setting Up a Mathematics Laboratory

- b. Utilization of Learning Resources in Mathematics: Charts and Pictures, Weighing and Measuring Instruments, Drawing Instruments, Models, Concrete Materials, Surveying Instruments With Reference To Children With Disabilities
- c. Bulletin Boards and Mathematics Club
- d. Abacus, Cussionaire Rods, Fractional Discs, Napier Strips
- e. Calculators, Computers, Smart Boards, Multimedia Presentations, and Special Aids and Appliances ForChildren With Disabilities

#### Unit 5: Assessment and Evaluation for Mathematics Learning

- a. Assessment and Evaluation- Concept, Importance and Purpose
- b. Error Analysis, Diagnostic Tests, Identification of Hard Spots and Remedial Measures
- c. Tools and Techniques for Formative and Summative Assessments of Learner Achievement inMathematics, Comprehensive and Continuous Evaluation in Mathematics
- d. Preparation of Diagnostic and Achievement Test
- e. Adaptations in Evaluation Procedure for Students With Disabilities

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# PEDAGOGY OF TEACHING SOCIAL SCIENCES

#### **Unit I: Nature of Social Sciences**

- a. Concept, scope and nature of social science
- b. Difference between social sciences and social studies
- c. Aims and objectives of teaching social science at school level
- d. Significance of social science as a core subject
- e. Role of social science teacher for an egalitarian society

#### **Unit II: Curriculum and Instructional Planning**

- a. Organization of social science curriculum at school level
- b. Instructional Planning: Concept, need and importance
- c. Unit plan and Lesson plan: need and importance
- d. Procedure of Unit and Lesson Planning
- e. Adaptation of unit and lesson plans for children with disabilities

#### Unit III: Approaches to teaching of Social Science

- a. Curricular approaches: a) Coordination, b) Correlational, c) Concentric, d) Spiral, e) Integrated, f) Regressive
- b. Methods of teaching social science: Lecture, discussion, socialized recitation, source and projectmethod
  - i. Devices and techniques of teaching social studies Narration, description, illustration, questioning, assignment, field trip, story telling, Role play, Group and self study, programmed learning, inductive thinking, Concept mapping, expository teaching and problem solving
- c. Accommodations required in approaches for teaching children with disabilities
- d. Instructional material for teaching of social science: Time-lines & Genealogical charts, Maps & Globes, Use of different types of Boards(Smart boards, Chalk Board, Flannel Board), Tape-records, Radio,

Television, Films & Filmstrips, Overhead Projector, Social science games and Power Point Presentation

e. Adaptations of material for teaching children with disabilities

#### Unit IV: Evaluation of Learning in Social Science

- Purpose of evaluation in social science
- Techniques of evaluating learner achievement in social Science: Written and Oral tests, Observation Tools, Work Samples, Portfolio
- Assessment: tools and techniques of Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) for curricular and co-curricular subjects
- Construction of teacher made test

• Diagnostic testing and enrichment techniques for children with disabilities

#### Unit V: Social Science Teacher as a Reflective Practitioner

- a. Being a reflective practitioner- use of action research
- b. Developing an Action Research Plan for solving a problem in teaching-learning of Social science
- c. Case study- Need and Importance for a School Teacher
- d. Development of a Professional Portfolio/ Teaching Journal
- e. Competencies for teaching Social science to children with disabilities

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- Stone, R. (2008). Best Practices for Teaching Social Studies: What Award-Winning Classroom TeachersDo. Corwin, CA.

# PEDAGOGY OF TEACHING ENGLISH

#### Unit I: Nature of English Language & Literature

- a. Principles of Language Teaching
- b. Language Proficiency: Basic Interpersonal Communication Skills (BICS) and Cognitive AcademicLanguage Proficiency( CALP)
- c. English Language in the school context: An Evolutionary Perspective
- d. Current Trends in Modern English Literature in Indian context
- e. Teaching as second language in Indian context.

#### **Unit II: Instructional Planning**

- a. Aims and objectives of Teaching English at different stages of schooling
- b. Instructional Planning: Need and Importance
- c. Unit and lesson plan: Need and Importance
- d. Procedure of Unit and Lesson Planning
- e. Planning and adapting units and lessons for children with disabilities

#### Unit III: Approaches and Methods of Teaching English

- a. Difference between an approach and a method
- b. Task based approach, co-operative learning, language across curriculum, communicative languageteaching, Bilingual, Eclectic and Constructive approach
- c. Method Teaching of Prose, Poetry, Drama, Grammar and Vocabulary- i) Translation method. ii)

Structural - Situational method. iii) Direct method

- d. Development of four basic language skills: Listening, Speaking, Reading, and Writing
- e. Accommodation in approaches and techniques in teaching children with disabilities

#### **Unit IV: Instructional Materials**

- a. Importance of instructional material and their effective use
- b. The use of the instructional aids for effective teaching of English: Smart boards, Chalk Board, Flannel Board, Pictures/ Picture-cut-outs, Charts, Tape-records, Radio, Television, Films & Filmstrips, Overhead Projector, Language Laboratory, Language games, reading cards, Worksheets, Handouts, and Power Point Presentation
- c. Construction of a teacher made test for English proficiency
- d. Teaching portfolio
- e. Adaptations of teaching material for children with disabilities

#### **Unit V: Evaluation**

a. Evaluation - Concept and Need

- b. Testing Language skills and Language elements (Vocabulary, Grammar and Phonology)
- c. Adaptation of Evaluation Tools for Children with Disabilities
- d. Individualized assessment for Children with Disabilities

Error analysis, Diagnostic tests and Enrichment measures

- Allen, H., & Cambell, R. (1972). Teaching English as second Language, McGraw Hill, New York.
- Bharthi, T., & Hariprasad, M. (2004). Communicative English, Neelkamal Publications, Hyderabad.
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# PEDAGOGY OF TEACHING HINDI

### पाठ्यवस्तु

# इकाई1 - भाषा, हिन्दीभाषाकीप्रकृतिऔरप्रयोज्यता।

- 1.1 भाषाकाप्रत्ययऔरउपयोगिता।
- 1.2 बोली, विभाषाऔरमानकभाषाकाप्रत्यय।
- 1.3 शिक्षा, समाज, व्यापार, राजनीति, शोधएवंविकासमेंभाषाकायोगदान।
- 1.4 हिन्दीभाषाकानामकरण, संस्कृतसेहिन्दीकेउद्भवकीप्रक्रिया।
- 1.5 विश्वभाषाऔरभविष्यभाषाकेरूपमेंहिन्दीकेविकासकाआकलन।
- 1.6 मूल-भूतभाषाकौशलों श्रवण, वाचन, पठनऔरलेखनकापरिचय।

# इकाई2 – पाठ्यवस्तु संवर्धन, भाशा अधिगम की प्रकृति और पाठनियोजन

- 2.1 हिन्दी साहित्य का सामान्य परिचय।
- 2.2 हिन्दी गद्य साहित्य की परम्परागत विधाएँ कहानी, नाटकऔरमहाकाव्य।
- 2.3 हिन्दी गद्य साहित्य की आधुनिक विधाएँ उपन्यास, यात्राविवरण, जीवनी, आत्मकथा और संस्मरण।
- 2.4 हिन्दी व्याकरण में उर्दू, अंग्रेज़ीऔरसंस्कृत से समाविष्ट प्रत्यय।
- 2.5 माध्यमिक स्तर पर हिन्दी पाठ्यक्रम में हुए परिवर्तनों का आकलन।
- 2.6 माध्यमिक स्तर पर हिन्दी शिक्षण के लक्ष्य और उद्देश्य।
- 2.7 इकाई नियोजन का प्रत्यय, इस का महत्त्व और निर्माण विधि।
- 2.8 पाठयोजनाकापरिचय, उपयोगऔरमहत्त्व।
- 2.9 पाठयोजना के चरण और उनका क्रियान्वयन।
- 2.10 हिन्दीशिक्षणकेज्ञानात्मक, बोधात्मक, कौशलात्मक और रूचिगत उद्देष्यों का निर्धारण।
- 2.11 विशिष्ट उद्देष्यों का व्यावहारिक शब्दावली में लेखन।

# इकाई3 – हिन्दी की विविध विधाओं के शिक्षण की विधियों का परिचय औरउपयोग

- 3.1 माध्यमिक कक्षाओं में गद्यशिक्षण की उपयोगिता।
- 3.2 🔷 गद्य शिक्षण की अर्थ बोध, व्याख्या, विश्लेषणऔर संयुक्त विधि का परिचय और इन की समीक्षा।
- 3.3 माध्यमिक कक्षाओं के पाठ्यक्रम में पद्य के समावेश की उपयोगिता।
- 3.4 पद्यशिक्षण की शब्दार्थ कथन, खण्डान्वय, व्यास और समीक्षा विधि का परिचय और इन की

# उपयुक्तता का आकल<mark>न</mark>।

- 3.5 माध्यमिक स्तर पर व्याकरण शिक्षण की आवष्यकता और उपयोगिता।
- 3.6 व्याकरण शिक्षण की निगमन, आगमन, भाशासंसर्ग और पाठ्य-पुस्तक विधियों का मूल्यांकन।

# इकाई4 – भाषा अधिगम-शिक्षणमेंसहायक सामग्रियों का प्रयोग

- 4.1 शिक्षण उपकरणों का सन्दर्भ, महत्त्व और लाभ।
- 4.2 अधिगम-शिक्षण के दृष्य उपकरणों के प्रकार।

- 4.3 दृष्य उपकरणों श्यामपट्ट, चार्ट, नक्सा, मानचित्र, प्रतिरूप, कार्यशील प्रतिरूप और फ्लैशकार्ड की प्रयोग विधि।
- 4.4 श्रव्य उपकरणों काम्पैक्टडिस्कवकैसेट्स्केप्रयोगकीविधिऔरअभ्यास।
- 4.5 मुद्रितश्रव्यउपकरणों -अखबार, पत्रिकाओंऔरपुस्तकोंकासहायकउपकरणोंकेरूपमेंप्रयोग।

4.6 वैद्युदण्विकउपकरणों - टेलीविजऩ, कम्प्यूटर और विश्व जाल के सहायक उपकरणों के रूप में प्रयोग की विधि और उपयोगिता।

4.7 भाषा अधिगम में भाषा प्रयोगशाला के प्रयोग की विधि और समीक्षा।

# इकाई 5 – भाषा अधिगम के मूल्यांकन की प्रविधि और चिन्तनशील साधक के रूप में शिक्षक

5.1 मूल्यांकन की संकल्पना, उद्देष्य और महत्त्व। सतत एवं व्यापक मूल्यांकन का सन्दर्भ।

- 5.2 लेखन, पठन, श्रृतलेख, सुलेख, तीव्रलेखन, त्रुटिमुक्तलेखन, आशुभाषण और काव्य पाठ का सतत एवं व्यापक मूल्यांकन प्रविधि द्वारा मूल्यांकन।
- 5.3 कक्षा गत पाठ्य सहगामी गतिविधियों गीत, अभिनय, संवाद, क्रियाकलाप और नेतृत्व के गुणों का सतत एवं व्यापक मूल्यांकन प्रविधि द्वारा मूल्यांकन।
- 5.4 विद्यार्थियों के भाषा अधिगम का संचयीवृत्त बनाना। अनुवर्ती चिन्तन की आवष्यकता और महत्त्व।
- 5.5 चिन्तन दैनन्दिनी और पोर्टफोलियो बनाना।
- 5.6 विद्यार्थियों कीअधिगमसमस्याओंकेनिदानऔरसमाधानकेलिएक्रियात्मकअनुसन्धानकाप्रयोग।
- 5.7 पाठ्यक्रम,सहायक सामग्री और पाठ्यविधियों का आलोचनात्मक विवेचना; पाठ्यक्रम, सहायक सामग्री और पाठ्यविधियों पर विद्यार्थियों और अभिभावकों की प्रतिक्रियाओं का संग्रह।

# प्रायोगिककार्य -

आधुनिकभाषाकेरूपमेंहिन्दीकेगुणोंऔरस्थितिकाअनुसन्धानविवरण।

हिन्दीशिक्षणकीकिन्हीदोअधनुतनविधियोंकापरिचयएवंइनकेउपयोगकीतुलनात्मकसमीक्षा।

हिन्दीशिक्षणकेश्रवण, वाचनऔरलेखनअधिगमकेसटीकमूल्यांकनमेंसततएवंव्यापकमूल्यांकनकीप्रविधिकेउपयोगकाविवरण। चिन्तनदैनन्दिनी,पोर्टफोलियोऔरआलोचनात्मकविवरणीकेउपयोगकीसमीक्षाऔरइनकीप्रतिकृतिकाप्रस्तुतिकरण।

# सन्दर्भपुस्तकें -

हिन्दीशिक्षणः अभिनवआयाम, डा. श्रुतिकान्तपाण्डेय, एक्सिसपब्लिकेषंस, दरियागंज, नईदिल्ली, 2010.

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## CURRICULUM, ADAPTATION AND STRATEGIES FOR TEACHING EXPANDED CURRICULUM

#### Unit 1: Concept and Types of Curriculum

1.1 Concept, Meaning and Need for Curriculum

1.2 Curricular Approaches in Special Education – Developmental, Functional, Eclectic and Universal design for learning Approach

1.3 Types of Curriculum – need based, knowledge based, activity based, skill based and hidden curriculum

1.4 Curriculum Planning, Implementation and Evaluation; Role of Special teachers of the Visually Impaired

1.5 Core Curriculum and Expanded Core Curriculum- Meaning, Need and Components

#### **Unit 2: Teaching Functional Academics Skills**

- 2.1 Learning media assessment
- 2.2 Braille reading readiness
- 2.3 Techniques of teaching Braille
- 2.4 Techniques of Teaching print to children with low vision
- 2.5 Braille aids and devices, optical devices for print reading and writing.

#### **Unit 3: Teaching of Independent Living Skills**

3.1 Independent living skills - Meaning, Importance, Components

3.2 Orientation and Mobility – need and importance, techniques of teaching mobility, sighted guide and pre-cane, cane techniques and mobility aids

3.3 Daily living skills – assessment of needs and techniques of teaching age appropriate daily living skills

3.4 Sensory efficiency – importance and procedures for training auditory, tactile, olfactory, gustatory, kinaesthetic senses and residual vision

3.5 Techniques of teaching social interaction skills, leisure and recreation skills and self - determination

#### **Unit 4: Curricular Adaptation**

4.1 Curricular adaptation - Need, Importance and Process

4.2 Reasonable accommodation – Need and Planning

4.3 Planning of lessons for teaching Expanded Core Curriculum – Individualized Education Program writing

4.4 Pedagogical Strategic – Cooperative learning, Peer tutoring, reflective teaching, multisensory teaching

4.5 Preparation of Teaching Learning Material for ECC – Reading Readiness kit, Flash Cards, Sensory Kits, and Mobility Maps

#### **Unit 5: Curricular Activities**

5.1 Curricular activities – Meaning and Need for Adaptation.

5.2 Adaptation of Physical education activities and Yoga

5.3 Adaptation of Games and Sports - both Indoor and Outdoor

5.4 Creative Arts for the children with visual impairment

5.5 Agencies/ Organisations promoting – Sports, Culture and Recreation activities for the Visually Impaired in India – Indian Blind Sports Association, Chess Federation of India, Paralympic Committee of India, Abilympics, World Blind Cricket

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- Cutter, J. (2006). Independent Movement and travel in Blind Children. IAP, North Carolina.
- Dickman, I.R. (1985). Making life more liveable. AFB, New York.
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- Ashcroft, S. C., & Henderson, F. (1963). Programmed Instruction in Braille. Stanwick House, Pittsburgh.
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- The expanded Core Curriculum. (2013). Retrieved from http://www.afb.org
- Wright, L. (2013). The Skills of Blindness: What should students know and when students know. Retrieved from http:// www.lofob.org.

# PRACTICUM: V.I

# Semester: II

# **E 2: Disability Specialization**

SI. NO	Tasks for the Student teachers	Disabilit y Focus	Educationa l Settings	Specific Activities	Hrs. (60)	Marks
1.	Learning of Braille	VI	College	1. Bharati Hindi or Regional Braille 2. Braille Mathematical sign for: Numeric indicator, basic operations, simple fraction	30	25
2.	Learning the use of Assistive Devices	VI	College	and brackets Taylor Frame: Basic Operation using arithmetic and algebraic types	15	25

# INTERVENTION AND TEACHING STRATEGIES

#### **Unit 1: Theoretical Perspectives**

1.1 Difference among Methods, Approaches and Strategies

1.2 Intervention – Concept, Scope and Importance

1.3 Intervention for lately blinded students – Role of Special teachers/educators

1.4 Mediated teaching-learning – Concept, Need and Procedure

1.5 Enriched teaching for Concept development: Converting visual concepts into accessible experiences

### **Unit 2: Mathematics**

2.1 Coping with Mathematics phobias

2.2 Conceptualization of Mathematical ideas – Processes and Challenges for Children with Visual Impairment

2.3 Preparation and Use of tactile materials

2.4 Mental arithmetic abilities – Concept, Importance and Application

2.5 Evaluation procedures with special reference to the Needs of Children with Visual Impairment.

### Unit 3: Science

3.1 Providing first-hand experience in the class and the school environment

3.2 Inclusive/collaborative learning for laboratory work

3.3 Science Teaching Learning Materials and Equipment: i) Preparation and use of TLM, ii)

Locating and procuring Science equipment

3.4 Problem solving and Learning by doing approach for Visually Impaired students

3.5 Evaluation procedure with particular reference to Practicals and Adaptations in Examination questions

# **Unit 4: Social Science**

4.1 Techniques of preparation and presentation of adapted Tactile maps, Diagrams, and Globe

4.2 Procuring, adapting and use of different types of models

4.3 Organizing field trips

4.4 Teaching Skills: Dramatization, Narration, Explanation, Story-telling, and Role play

4.5 Evaluation of concepts and skills in social science with particular reference to Geography

# Unit 5: Teaching of Children with Low Vision

5.1 Visual Stimulation: Concept and Procedure

5.2 Selection of an appropriate medium of reading and writing

5.3 Techniques and procedures for developing reading and writing skills

5.4 Orientation and Mobility for low vision children

5.5 Classroom management – Seating arrangement, adjustable furniture, illumination, non-reflecting surfaces and colour contrast.

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- Pandey, V. P. (2004). Teaching of mathematics.Sumit Publication, New Delhi.
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# TECHNOLOGY AND EDUCATION OF THE VISUALLY IMPAIRED

#### **Unit 1: Introducing Educational and Information Communication Technology**

1.1 Educational Technology-Concept, Importance, and Scope

1.2 Difference between Educational Technology and Technology in Education

1.3 Special Significance and Goals of Technology for the Education of children with Visual Impairment

1.4 Information and Communication Technology (ICT) - Concept and Special Significance for teaching-learning of the visually impaired

1.5 ICT and the UN Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities.

### **Unit 2: Adaptive Technologies**

2.1 Concept and Purposes

2.2 Basic Considerations--Access, Affordability, and Availability

2.3 Addressing User's Perspectives in Developing Adaptive Technologies

2.4 Roles of IIT's and the Scientific Community;

2.5 Universal/Inclusive Design - Concept, Advantages, and Limitations.

#### Unit 3: Access to Print for the Visually Impaired

3.1 Screen Readers with Special Reference to Indian Languages; Magnifying Software, and Open Source Software.

3.2 Braille Notetakers and Stand-alone Reading Machines

3.3 Braille Translation Software with Particular reference to Indian Languages and Braille Embossers

3.4 On-Line Libraries and Bookshare

3.5 Daisy Books, Recordings, and Smart Phones.

# Unit 4: Assistive Technologies for the Visually Impaired with Reference to School Subjects and Low Vision

4.1 Mathematics: Taylor Frame, Abacus, Geo Board, Algebra and Maths Types, Measuring Tapes, Scales, and Soft-wares for teaching Maths.

4.2 Science: Thermometers, Colour Probes, Scientific and Maths Talking Calculators, Light Probes, and Weighing scales and Soft-wares for teaching Science.

4.3 Social Science: Tactile/Embossed Maps, Charts, Diagrams, Models of Different Types, Auditory Maps, Talking compass, and GPS

4.4 Low vision devices: Optical, Non-Optical and Projective

4.5 Thermoform and Swell Paper technology and Softwares for developing tactile diagrams

# Unit 5: Computer-Aided Learning

5.1 Social Media

5.2 Creation of Blogs

5.3 Tele-Conferencing

5.4 Distance Learning and ICT

5.5 e-Classroom: Concept and Adaptations for Children with Visual Impairment

#### **Essential Readings**

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- Sadao, K. C., & Robinson, N. B. (2010). Assistive Technology for young children: creating inclusive learning environments.Paul H Brooks, Baltimore.

# PSYCHOSOCIAL AND FAMILY ISSUES

#### Unit 1: Family of a Child with Visual Impairment

- 1.1 Birth of a child with visual impairment and its effect on parents and family dynamics
- 1.2 Parenting styles: Overprotective, Authoritative, Authoritarian and Neglecting
- 1.3 Stereotypic attitudes related to visual impairment and attitude modification
- 1.4 Role of family in early stimulation, Concept development and Early intervention
- 1.5 Role of siblings and extended family

### **Unit 2: Parental Issues and Concerns**

- 2.1 Choosing an educational setting
- 2.2 Gender and disability
- 2.3 Transition to adulthood: sexuality, marriage, and employment
- 2.4 Parent support groups
- 2.5 Attitude of professionals in involving parents in IEP and IFSP

### Unit 3: Rehabilitation of Children with Visual Impairment

- 3.1 Concept of habilitation and rehabilitation
- 3.2 Community Based Rehabilitation (CBR) and Community Participatory Rehabilitation (CPR)
- 3.3 Legal provisions, concessions and advocacy
- 3.4 Vocational rehabilitation: need and challenges
- 3.5 Issues and challenges in rural settings

### Unit 4: Meeting the Challenges of Children with Visual Impairment

- 4.1 Enhancing prosocial behaviour
- 4.2 Stress and coping strategies
- 4.3 Recreation and leisure time management
- 4.4 Challenges of adventitious visual impairment
- 4.5 Soft skills and social skills training

- Bhandari, R., & Narayan, J. (2009).Creating learning opportunities: a step by step guide to teaching students with vision impairment and additional disabilities, including deafblindness. India: Voice and vision.
  - Hansen, J. C., Rossberg, R.H., & Cramer, S.H. (1994). Counselling Theory and Process. Allyn and Bacon: USA
- Lowenfeld, B. (1969). Blind children learn to read. Springfield: Charles C. Thomas.
- Lowenfeld, B. (1973). Visually Handicapped Child in School; New York: American Foundation for the Blind.
- Lowenfeld, B. (1975). The Changing Status of the Blind from Separation to Integration.Springfield: Charles C. Thomas.

- Mani, M. N. G. (1992). Techniques of Teaching Blind Children. New Delhi: Sterling publishers Pvt. Ltd.
- Narayan, J., & Riggio, M. (2005). Creating play environment for children. USA: Hilton/ Perkins.
- Shah, A. (2008). Basics in guidance and Counselling. New Delhi:Global Vision Publishing House.
- Smith, D. D., & Luckasson, R. (1995). Introduction to Special Education Teaching in an age of Challenge.(2Ed).USA: Allyn & Bacon.

- Bhan, S. (2014). Understanding learners-A handbook for teachers. Prasad Psycho Corporation, New Delhi.
- Early Support for children, young people and families (2012). Information about Visual Impairment, Retrieved from http://www.ncb.org.uk/media/875236/earlysupportvisimppart1final.pdf
- Kundu, C. L. (2000). Status of Disability in India. New Delhi: RCI.
- Lowenfeld, B. (1971). Psychological problems of children with impaired vision, Prentice-Hall.

# **READING AND REFLECTING ON TEXTS**

#### **Unit 1: Reflections on Literacy**

a. Literacy and Current University Graduates: Status and Concerns

b. Role of Literacy in Education, Career and Social Life

c. Literacy, Thinking and Self Esteem

d. Literacy of Second Language/ English: Need and Strategies e. Basic Braille Literacy

#### **Unit 2: Reflections on Reading Comprehension**

a. Practicing Responses to Text: Personal, Creative and Critical

b. Meta Cognitive Awareness of Reading Processes and Strategies Applied for Meaning Making

c. Developing Good Reading Skills and Habits in Primary Level Students: Activities and

Strategies d. Basic Understanding of Reading Comprehension of Children with Disabilities

#### **Unit 3: Skill Development in Responding to Text**

a. Indicators of Text Comprehension: Retelling, Summarizing, Answering, Predicting, Commenting and Discussing

b. Practicing Responding to Text (Using The Indicators) for Recreational Reading Material (Narrations) and School Textbooks (Description)

c. Practicing Responding to Text (Using The Indicators) for Reports, Policy Documents and News (Expositions) and Editorial, Academic Articles, Advertisement Copy, Resume (Argumentation) d. Practicing Web Search, Rapid Reading and Comprehensive Reading

#### Unit 4: Reflecting Upon Writing as a Process and Product

a. Understanding writing as a Process: Content (Intent, Audience and Organization)

b. Understanding writing as a Process: Language (Grammar, Vocabulary, Spelling)

c. Understanding writing as a Process: Surface Mechanics (Handwriting, Neatness, Alignment and Spacing)

d. Practicing Self Editing and Peer Editing of Sample Texts e. Practicing Evaluating Students Writing Using Parameters: Productivity, Correctness, Complexity, Text Organization and Literary Richness

### **Unit 5: Practicing Independent Writing**

a. Practicing Writing: Picture Description/ Expansion of Ideas/ Essays/ Stories

b. Practicing Daily Leaving Writing: Applications/ Agenda - Minutes/ Note Taking

c. Practicing Converting Written Information into Graphical Representation

d. Practicing Filling up Surveys, Forms, Feedback Responses, Checklists e. Reflections on the Course: From Theory to Practice to Initiating Process to Improve Self.

- Anderson, R., Hiebert, E., Scott, J., & Wilkinson, I. (1985). Becoming a Nation of Readers: The report of the commission on reading. National Institute of Education and the Center for the Study of Reading, Washington, DC.
- Annual Status of Education Report. (2014). ASER Centre, New Delhi (<u>http://www.asercentre.org</u>).

- May, F. B. (2001). Unravelling the seven myths of reading. Allyn and Bacon, Boston.
- McGregor, T. (2007). Comprehension Connections: Bridges to Strategic Reading. Heinemann Educational Books.
- Tovani, C., & Keene.E.O. (2000). I Read It, but I Don't Get It: Comprehension Strategies for Adolescent Readers. Stenhouse Publishers.
- Soundarapandian, M. (2000). Literacy campaign in India. Discovery Publishing House, New Delhi.
- Aulls, M. W. (1982). Developing readers in today's elementary school. Allyn and Bacon, Boston.
- Baniel, A. (2012). Kids beyond limits. Perigee Trade, New York.
- McCormick, S. (1999). Instructing students who have literacy problems.Merrill, New Jersy.
- Ezell, H., & Justice, L. (2005). Programmatic Research on Early Literacy: Several Key Findings. IES 3rd Annual Research Conference: American Speech Language & Hearing Association.
- Frank, S. (1985). Reading without Nonsense. Teachers College Press, New York.
- Gallangher. K. (2004). Deeper Reading: Comprehending Challenging Texts. Stenhouse Publishers.
- Heller, R. (1998). Communicate clearly. DK Publishing, New York.
- Luetke-Stahlman, B., & Nielsen, D. (2003). Early Literacy of Kindergartners with Hearing Impairment. High Beam.
- May, F. B. (1998). Reading as communication. Merrill, New Jersy.
- Miller. D. (2002). Reading with Meaning: Teaching Comprehension in the Primary Grades.Stenhouse Publishers, New York.
- Pandit, B., Suryawanshi, D. K., & Prakash, M. (2007). Communicative language teaching in English.Nityanutan Prakashan, Pune.
- Paul, P. V. (2009). Language and Deafness. Jones and Bartlett, Boston.

# **DRAMA AND ART EDUCATION**

#### **Unit 1: Introduction to art Education**

1.1 Art and art education: Meaning, scope and difference

1.2 Artistic expression: Meaning and strategies to facilitate

1.3 Art therapy: Concept and application to students with and without disabilities

1.4 Linking Art Education with Multiple Intelligences

1.5 Understanding emerging expression of art by students

### Unit 2: Performing Arts: Dance and Music

2.1 Range of art activities related to dance and music

2.2 Experiencing, responding and appreciating dance and music

2.3 Exposure to selective basic skills required for dance and music

2.4 Dance and Music: Facilitating interest among students: planning and implementing activities

2.5 enhancing learning through dance and music for children with and without special needs: Strategies and Adaptations.

# Unit 3: Performing Arts: Drama

3.1 Range of art activities in drama

3.2 Experiencing, responding and appreciating drama

3.3 Exposure to selective basic skills required for drama

3.4 Drama: Facilitating interest among students: planning and implementing activities

3.5 Enhancing learning through drama for children with and without special needs: strategies and adaptations.

### **Unit 4: Visual Arts**

4.1 Range of art activities in visual arts

4.2 Experiencing, responding and appreciating visual art

4.3 Exposure to selective basic skills in visual art

4.4 Art education: Facilitating interest among students: planning and implementing activities

4.5 Enhancing learning through visual art for children with and without special needs: strategies and adaptations

### Unit 5: Media and Electronic Arts

5.1 Range of art activities in media and electronic art forms

5.2 Experiencing, responding and appreciating media and electronic arts

5.3 Exposure to selective basic skills in media and electronic arts

5.4 Media and electronic arts: Facilitating interest among students: planning and implementing activities

5.5 Enhancing learning through media and electronic art for children with and without special needs: strategies and adaptation.

- Finlay, Victoria. The brilliant History of Color in Art. Getty Publications, China.
- Shirley, Greenway. (2000). Art, an A to Z guide. Franklin Watts: USA

- Vaze, Pundalik. (1999). How to Draw and Paint Nature. Jyosna Prakashan: Mumbai
- Ward, Alan. (1993) Sound and Music. Franklin Watts: New York.

- Baniel, Anat. (2012). Kids beyond limits. Perigee Trade: New York Beyer, E. London. (2000). The arts, popular culture and social change
- Efland, A. D. (1990). A history of Art Education: Intellectual and social currents in teaching the visual arts. New York, NY: Teachers College Press.
- Gair, S. B. (1980). Writing the arts into individualized educational programs. Art Education, 33(8), 8–11
- Greene, S., & Hogan, D. (2005).Researching children's experience. Sage Publication: London
- Heller, R. (1999). Effective Leadership. DK Publishing: New York.
- Lewiecki-Wilson C. & B. J. Brueggemann (Eds.), Disability and the teaching of writing: A critical sourcebook. Boston, MA: Bedford/St. Martin's.
- Nyman, L.& A. M. Jenkins (Eds.), Issues and approaches to art for students with special needs (pp. 142–154). Reston, VA: National Art Education Association.

# PRACTICUM: V.I Semester: III E 2: Disability Specialization

Tasks for the Student teachers	Disabilit y Focus	Educationa l Settings	Specific Activities	Hrs. (60)	Mark s
Reading and writing of standard English Braille.	VI		1. Reading and writing English Braille text. Transcription from print to Braille and vice versa (Grade II)	60	50
		College			
			2. Braille Mathematics Code: Radicals, fraction (Mixed, complex and hyper complex), sign and symbols of comparison, Shape signs, Greek letters, indices, set, symbols, trigonometric functions	30	25
R	3	3	3. Abacus and Geometric kit	30	25
	Student teachers Reading and writing of standard	Student teachersy FocusReading and writing of standard	Student teachersy Focusl SettingsReading and writing of standard English Braille.VI	Student teachersy FocusI SettingsReading and writing of standard English Braille.I. Reading and writing English Braille text. Transcription from print to Braille and vice versa (Grade II)VICollege2. Braille Mathematics Code: Radicals, fraction (Mixed, complex and hyper complex), sign and symbols of comparison, Shape signs, Greek letters, indices, set, symbols, trigonometric functions3. Abacus and	Student teachersy Focus1 Settings(60)Reading and writing of standard English Braille.VI1. Reading and writing English Braille text. Transcription from print to Braille and vice versa (Grade II)60College2. Braille Mathematics Code: Radicals, fraction (Mixed, complex and hyper complex), sign and symbols of comparison, Shape signs, Greek letters, indices, set, symbols, trigonometric 

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# Semester: III F1: Main Disability Special School

SI. NO.	Tasks for the Student teachers	Disability Focus	Educational Settings	No. of Lessons
1.	Classroom teaching	VI	Special Schools for VI	Min. 90 school periods

# **GUIDANCE & COUNSELLING**

Course Code: B 10(A) Credits: 02 Contact Hours: 30 Marks: 50

**Objectives**: After completing this course the student-teachers will be able to

• Apply the skills of guidance and counseling in classroom situations.

• Describe the process of development of self-image and self-esteem.

• Appreciate the types and issues of counseling and guidance in inclusive settings.

# Unit 1: Introduction to Guidance and Counseling

1.1 Guidance and Counseling: Definition and Aims

1.2 Areas of Guidance and Counseling

1.3 Core Conditions in Counseling

1.4 Skills and Competencies of a Counselor

1.5 Role of Teacher in Guiding and Counseling Students with Special Needs

### Unit 2: Enhancing Self Image and Self Esteem

2.1 Concept of Self as Human

2.2 Understanding of Feelings and Changes

2.3 Growth to Autonomy

2.4 Personality Development

2.5 Role of Teacher in Developing Self-Esteem in Children

### Unit 3: Guidance and Counseling in Inclusive Education

3.1 Current Status with reference to Indian School

3.2 Types of Counseling: Child-Centred, Supportive, Family

3.3 Guidance in Formal and Informal Situations: Within and Outside Classroom, Vocational Guidance

3.4 Group Guidance: Group Leadership Styles and Group Processes

3.5 Challenges in Group Guidance

### **Essential Readings**

• Naik, P.S. (2013). Counselling Skills for Educationists. Soujanya Books, New Delhi.

• Nayak, A.K. (1997). Guidance and Counselling. APH Publishing, Delhi.

• Rao, V. K., & Reddy, R.S. (2003). Academic Environment: Advice, Counsel and Activities. Soujanya Books, New Delhi.

• Shah, A. (2008). Basics in gGuidance and Counselling. Global Vision Publishing House.

• Sharma, V.K. (2005). Education and Training of Educational and Vocational Guidance. Soujanya Books, New Delhi.

### **Suggested Readings**

• Kapunan, R.R. (2004). Fundamentals of Guidance and Counselling. Rex Printing Company, Phillipines.

• Pal, O.B. (2011). Educational and Vocational Guidance and Counselling. Soujanya Books, New Delhi.

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# EARLY CHILDHOOD CARE AND EDUCATION

#### Unit 1: The Early Years: An Overview

1.1 Facts about Early Childhood Learning & Development

1.2 Neural Plasticity

1.3 Critical Periods of Development of Motor, Auditory, Visual, Linguistic & Cognitive Skills

1.4 Sensitive Periods of Learning: Maria Montessori's Framework & Windows of Opportunity &

Learning Timelines of Development in Young Children

1.5 Integrating Theories of Development & Learning for Early Childhood Education Curricula

### **Unit2: Early Education of Children with Disabilities**

2.1 Young Children at Risk & Child Tracking

2.2 Interdisciplinary Assessments & Intervention Plans

2.3 Developmental Systems Model for Early Intervention (Ofguralnick, 2001)

2.4 Curricular Activities for Development of Skills of: Imagination, Joy, Creativity, Symbolic

Play, Linguistic, Emergent Literacy, Musical, Aesthetic, Scientific & Cultural Skills

2.5 Evidenced Based Practices for Early Intervention

#### Unit 3: Inclusive Early Childhood Educational (ECE) Practices

3.1 Natural Environments, Service Delivery Models & Importance of Universal Designs of Learning (UDL)

3.2 Practices for Inclusive ECE Programs: Adaptations of Physical Environment & Equipments, Visual Support Materials, Parent Partnerships, Friendships & Engagements with Typical Children

3.3 Principles of Inclusive ECE Practices: Full Participation, Open Ended Activities, Collaborative Planning

3.4 Collaborating with Parents, Family Education & Developing Individualised Family Service Plan (IFSP)

3.5 School Readiness and Transitions.

### **Essential Readings**

- Costello, P.M. (2000). Thinking Skills & Early Childhood Education. London: David Fulton Publishers.
- Dunn, S.G., & Dunn, K. (1992). Teaching Elementary students through their individual learning styles:Practical approaches for grades 3-6. Massachusetts: Allyn & Bacon.
- Guralnick, M.J. (2005). The Developmental Systems Approach to Early Intervention: Brookes Publication.
- Klausmeir, H.J., & Sipple, T.S. (1980). Learning & Teaching Concepts. A strategy for testing applications of theory. New York: Academic Press.
- Mohanty, J., & Mohanty, B. (1999). Early Chilhood Care and Education. Delhi: Offset Printers.

- Barbour, N., & Seefeldt, C. (1998). .Early Childhood Education. An Introduction (4th Eds). U.K: Prentice Hall.
- Broman, B. C. (1978). The Early Years in Childhood Education. Chicago: RandMcNally College Publishing Company.

- Catron, C.E., & Allen, J. (1993). Early Childhood Curriculum. New York: MacMillan Publishing Company.
- Dahlberg, G., Moss, P. & Pence, A. (2007). Beyond Quality in Early Childhood Care and Education. (2nd Ed.). New York: Routledge Publication.
- Dopyera, M.L., & Dopyera, J. (1977). Becoming a Teacher of Young Children. New York: Random House Publications.
- Gordon, I.J. (1972). Early Childhood Education. Chicago: Chicago University Press. Hamilton, D.S. & Flemming, (1990). Resources for Creative Teaching in Early Childhood Education (2nd Edition). Tokyo: Harcourt Brace Jovanvich.
- Hilderbrand, V. (1991). Introduction to Earcly Childhood Education. New York: MacMillan Publishing.
- Krogh, S.L., & Slentz, K. (2001). Early Childhood Education, Yesterday, Today & Tomorrow. London: Lawrence Erlbaum Associates Publishers.
- Range, D.G., Layton, J.R. & Roubinek, D.C. (1980). Aspects of Early Childhood Education. Theory to Reserch to Practice. New York: Academic Press.

# **APPLIED BEHAVIOUR ANALYSIS**

#### Unit 1: Introduction to Applied Behaviour Analysis (ABA)

- 1.1 Principles of Behavioural Approach
- 1.2 ABA Concept and Definition
- 1.3 Assumptions of ABA Classical and Operant Conditioning
- 1.4 Behaviour- Definition and Feature
- 1.5 Assessment of Behaviour Functional Analysis of Behaviour, Behaviour Recording Systems

#### **Unit 2: Strategies for Positive Behaviour Support**

- 2.1 Selection of Behavioural Goals
- 2.2 Reinforcement Types: Positive and Negative, Primary and Secondary Schedules:

Continuous, Fixed Ratio, Fixed Interval, Variable Ratio, Variable Interval

2.3 Discrete Trial Teaching - Discriminative Stimulus - Characteristics - Response - Prompts: Physical, Gestural, Pointing, Visual, Positional, Verbal - Consequence - Characteristics - Inter-Trial Interval

2.4 Application of ABA in Group Setting - Negotiation and contract - Token economy - Response cost - Pairing and fading

2.5 Leadership role of teacher in promoting positive behavior.

### Unit 3: Management of Challenging Behaviour

3.1 Differential Reinforcements of Behaviour

3.2 Extinction and Time Out 3.3 Response Cost and Overcorrection

### 3.4 Maintenance

3.5 Generalization and Fading.

# **Essential Readings**

- Bailey, J., & Burch, M. (2011). Ethics for Behaviour Analysts. Routledge, New York.
- Cooper, J.O., Timothy, E.H., & Heward, W.L. (2007). Applied Behaviour Analysis. Pearson Publications.
- Fisher, W.W., Piazza, C.C., & Roane, H.S. (2013). Handbook of Applied Behaviour Analysis. Guilford Press, New York.
- Kearney, A. J. (2007). Understanding Applied Behaviour Analysis: An Introduction to ABA for Parents, Teachers and Other Professionals. Jessica Kingsley, Philadelphia.
- Lewis, P. (2006). Achieving Best Behaviour for Children with Developmental Disabilities. Jessica Kingsley Publishers London.

- Aune, B., Burt, B., & Gennaro, P. (2013). Behaviour Solutions for the Inclusive Classroom. Future Horizons Inc, Texas.
- Moyes, R.A. (2002). Addressing the Challenging Behaviour of Children with HFA/AS in the Classroom. Jessica Kingsley Publishers London.

# COMMUNITY BASED REHABILITATION

#### Unit 1: Introduction to Community Based Rehabilitation (CBR)

- 1.1 Concept and Definition of CBR
- 1.2 Principles of CBR
- 1.3 Difference between CBR and Institutional Living
- 1.4 Socio-cultural and Economic Contexts of CBR
- 1.5 Scope and Inclusion of CBR in Government Policies and Programs

### **Unit 2: Preparing Community for CBR**

- 2.1 Awareness Program-Types and Methods
- 2.2 Advocacy Citizen and Self
- 2.3 Focus Group Discussion
- 2.4 Family Counselling and Family Support Groups
- 2.5 CBR and Corporate Social Responsibility

### Unit 3: Preparing Persons with Disability for CBR

3.1 School Education: Person Centred Planning, and Peer Group Support

3.2 Transition: Individual Transition Plan, Development of Self Determination and Self Management Skills

- 3.3 Community Related Vocational Training
- 3.4 Skill Training for Living within Community

3.5 Community Based Employment and Higher Education.

- Loveday, M. (2006). The HELP Guide for Community Based Rehabilitation Workers: A Training Manual. Global-HELP Publications, California.
- McConkey, R. and O'Tool, B (Eds). Innovations in Developing Countries for People with Disabilities, P.H. Brookes, Baltimore.

- Neufelt, A. and Albright, A (1998). Disability and Self-Directed Employment: Business Development Model. Campus Press Inc. York University.
- Peat, M. (1997). Community Based Rehabilitation, W.B. Saunders Company.
- Scheme of Assistance to Disabled for Purposes of Fitting of Aids/Appliances, Ministry of Social Welfare, Govt. of India, New Delhi.
- Scheme of Assistance to Organizations for Disabled Persons, Ministry of Social Welfare, Govt. of India, New Delhi.
- WHO .(1982). Community Based Rehabilitation Report of a WHO International Consultation, Colombo, Sri Lanka, 28 June- 3 July. WHO (RHB/IR/82.1)
- WHO .(1984). "Rehabilitation For AII" in World Health Magazine, WHO, Geneva.

# APPLICATION OF ICT IN CLASSROOM

#### Unit 1: Information Communication Technology (ICT) and Special Education

1.1 Meaning and Scope of ICT and Its Role in 'Construction of Knowledge'

1.2 Possible Uses of Audio-Visual Media and Computers (Radio, Television, Computers)

1.3 Integrating ICT in Special Education With Reference To Articles 4 and 9 of UNCRPD and Goal 3 of Incheon Strategy

1.4 Three as of ICT Application—Access, Availability, Affordability

1.5 Overview of WCAG (Web Content Access Guidelines)

### **Unit 2: Using Media and Computers**

2.1 Media: Radio and Audio Media- Script Writing, Storytelling, Songs, etc., Television and Video in Education, Importance of Newspaper in Education

2.2 Computers: Functional Knowledge of Operating Computers–On/Off, Word Processing, Use Of Power Point, Excel, ICT Applications for Access to Print

2.3 Computer as a Learning Tool: Effective Browsing Of The Internet for Discerning and Selecting Relevant Information, Survey of Educational Sites and Downloading Relevant Material; Cross Collating Knowledge from Varied Sources

2.4 Computer-Aided Learning: Application of Multimedia in Teaching and Learning, Programmed Instruction; Computer-Assisted Instruction; Interactive Learning

2.5 E-Classroom: Concept, Organizing E-Classroom and Required Adaptations for Students with Disabilities

### **Unit 3: Visualising Technology-Supported Learning Situations**

3.1 Preparation of Learning Schemes and Planning Interactive Use of Audio-Visual Programme

3.2 Developing PPT Slide Show for Classroom Use and Using of Available Software or CDs with LCD Projection for Subject Learning Interactions

3.3 Generating Subject-Related Demonstrations Using Computer Software and Enabling Students to Plan and Execute Projects

3.4 Interactive Use of ICT: Participation in Social Groups on Internet, Creation of 'Blogs', Organizing Teleconferencing and Video-Conferencing

3.5 Identifying and Applying Software for Managing Disability Specific Problems.

### **Essential Readings**

• Abbot, C. (2001). ICT: Changing Education. Routledge Falmer.

• Florian, L., & Hegarty J. (2004). ICT and Special Educational Needs: A Tool for Inclusion. Open University Press.

### Suggested Readings

• Kozma, R.B. (2003). Technology, Innovation, and Educational Change: A Global Perspective: A Report of the Second Information Technology in Education Study, Module 2. International Society for Technology in Education.

# GENDER AND DISABILITY

#### Unit 1: Human Right-based Approach and Disability

1.1 Human Rights-Based Approach: Concept and History

1.2 Principles of Human Rights-Based Approach - Equality and Non-Discrimination -

Universality & Inalienability - Participation and Inclusion - Accountability and Rule of Law

1.3 Elements of Human Rights System - Legal Framework - Institutions - Development Policies

& Programs - Public Awareness - Civil Society

1.4 Advantage of Human Rights-Based Approach

1.5 Implications for Disability - Empowerment - Enforceability - Indivisibility - Participation

#### Unit 2: Gender and Disability

2.1 Sex & Gender: Concept & Difference

2.2 Impairment & Disability: Concept & Difference

2.3 Gendered Experience of Disability - Public Domain: School and Outside School - Private and Familial Domain - Normalization and Social Role Valorization

2.4 Gender and Disability Analysis: Techniques and Strategies

2.5 Psyche and Gender: Implications for Teaching.

#### Unit 3: Women and Girl Child with Disability

3.1 Inclusive Equality - Access to Family Life - Access to Education, Vocational Training and Employment - Access to Political Participation

3.2 Factors Contributing to Disability - Gender-Based Violence in School and Within Family -Traditional Practices

3.3 Sexual and Reproductive Health

3.4 Teacher's Role in Promoting Gender Equality

3.5 Gender Critique of Legislation, Government Policy and Schemes.

- Habib, L. A. (1997). Gender and Disability: Women's Experiences in the Middle East. Oxfam, UK.
- Hans, A. (2015). Disability, Gender and the Trajectories of Power. Sage Publications Pvt. Ltd.
- Meekosha, H. (2004). Gender and Disability. Sage Encyclopaedia of Disability.
- O'Brien, J., & Forde, C. (2008). Tackling Gender Inequality, Raising Pupil Achievement
- , Dunedin Academic.
- Ridgeway, C. L. (2011). Framed by Gender: How Gender Inequality Persists in the Modern World. Oxford University Press.
- Samuels, E. (2014). Fantasies of Identification: Disability, Gender, Race. NYU Press, USA.

• Smith, B. G., & Hutchison, B. (2013). Gendering Disability. Rutger University Press, New Jersey.

#### **Desirable Readings**

- Beeghley, L. (1999). Angles of Vision: How to Understand Social Problems, West View Press.
- Purkayastha, D. (2010). Economic Growth, Intra-Household Resource Allocation and Gender Inequality, Atlantic Economic Journal, Vol. 38, No. 4.
- Treas, J., & Drobnic, S. (2010). Dividing the Domestic: Men, Women, and Household Work in Cross-National Perspective, Stanford University Press.

# **BRAILLE AND ASSISTIVE DEVICES**

#### Unit 1: Braille

- 1.1 Louis Braille and the Evolution of Braille
- 1.2 Continuing Relevance of Braille vis-a-vis Audio Material
- 1.3 Braille Signs, Contractions and Abbreviations--English Braille
- 1.4 Braille Signs and Symbols—Hindi/Regional Language
- 1.5 Braille Reading and Writing Processes

#### **Unit 2: Braille Devices -- Types, Description, Relevance**

- 2.1 Slate and Stylus
- 2.2 Braille Writer
- 2.3 Electronic Devices— Note takers and Refreshable Braille Displays
- 2.4 Braille Embossers
- 2.5 Braille Translation Software

#### **Unit 3: Other Devices – Types, Description, Relevance**

3.1 Mathematical Devices: Taylor Frame and Types, Abacus, Geometry Kit, Algebra Types

3.2 Geography: Maps--Relief, Embossed, Models

3.3 Science Material

3.4 Low Vision Aids--Optical, Non-Optical, Vision Training Material

3.5 Schemes and Sources of Availability

#### **Essential Readings**

- A Restatement of the Layout, Definitions and the Rules of the Standard English Braille System (1971). London: The Royal National Institute for the Blind.
- Ashkroft, S.C., & Henderson, F. (1963). Programmed Instruction in Braille. Pittsburgh: Stanwick House.
- Lowenfeld, B. (1969). Blind Children Learn to Read. Springfield: Charles C. Thomas.
- Mani, M.N.G. (1997). Amazing Abacus. Coimbatore: SRVK Vidyalaya.
- Manual on Bharti Braille (1980). Dehradun: NIVH
- Olson, M. R. (1981). Guidelines and Games for Teaching Efficient Braille Reading. New York: AFB.
- Proceedings: National Conference on Past and Present Status of Braille in India(2001). New Delhi: All India Confederation of the Blind.

- Hampshire, B. (1981). Working with Braille A Study of Braille as a Medium of Communication. Geneva: UNESCO.
- Kusanjima, T. (1974). Visual Reading and Braille Reading. New York: AFB.
- Mani, M.N.G. (1992). Techniques of Teaching Blind Children. N.Delhi: Sterling Publishers.
- Mellor, M. C. (2006). Louis Braille A Touch of Genius. Boston: National Braille Press.

# **ORIENTATION AND MOBILITY**

#### **Unit 1: Introduction to Orientation and Mobility**

1.1 Orientation and Mobility -- Definition, Importance and Scope

1.2 Basic Terminologies Associated with O&M: Trailing, Landmarks, Clues, Cues, Shoreline,

Squaring Off, Clockwise Direction, Sound Masking, Sound Shadow

1.3 Roles of Other Senses in O&M Training

1.4 Special Responsibilities of Special Teacher/Educator with reference to O&M Training

1.5 Blindfold -- Rationale and Uses for the Teacher

#### Unit 2: Human/ Sighted Guide Technique

- 2.1 Grip
- 2.2 Stance
- 2.3 Hand Position
- 2.4 Speed Control
- 2.5 Negotiating: Narrow Spaces, Seating Arrangements, Staircases, Muddy paths

### Unit 3: Pre-Cane Skills

- 3.1 Upper and Lower Body protection
- 3.2 Room Familiarization
- 3.3 Using Oral Description for Orientation
- 3.4 Search Patterns
- 3.5 Building Map Reading Skills

### **Unit 4: Cane Travel Techniques and Devices**

4.1 Canes -- Types, Parts, Six Considerations

4.2 Cane Travel Techniques: Touch Technique, Touch and Drag Technique, Diagonal Cane Technique

- 4.3 Use of Public Transport
- 4.4 Asking for Help: When and How
- 4.5 Electronic Devices, Tactile and Auditory Maps -- Description and Uses

### **Unit 5: Training In Independent Living Skills**

- 5.1 Self Care, Gait and Posture
- 5.2 Personal Grooming
- 5.3 Eating Skills and Etiquette
- 5.4 Identification of Coins and Currency Notes
- 5.5 Basics of Signature Writing

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- Jacobson, W.H. (1993). The Art and Science of Teaching Orientation and Mobility to Persons with Visual Impairments. AFB Press, New York.

# **COMMUNICATION OPTIONS: ORALISM**

#### Unit 1: Understanding Hearing Loss in Real Life Context

1.1 Basic Awareness on Paradigms of D/Deafness (Medical and Social)

1.2 Basic Awareness on Deafness and Communicative Access: Challenges and Concerns

1.3 Basic Awareness on Autonomy, Inclusion and Identity with reference to Oral Options

1.4 Oral/ Aural Verbal Options and Realistic Expectations of Family and Teachers

1.5 Importance of Neural Plasticity and Early Listening Opportunities

#### **Unit 2: Advance Understanding of Oral Options**

2.1 Difference Between Uni Sensory and Multi Sensory Approach in Oralism

2.2 Oracy To Literacy: Why and How

2.3 Speech Reading: Need, Role and Strategies in All Communication Options

2.4 Training and Guidance on Aural Oral Practices for Families and Tuning Home Environment: Current Scenario, Importance And Strategies

2.5 Tuning Mainstream Schools/Classrooms for Aural Oral Communication: Do's and Don'ts

### **Unit 3: Skill Development Required for Oralism**

3.1 Practicing Interpreting Audiograms and Exposure to Goal Setting in Listening Skills

3.2 Practicing Motherese (Addressing/Talking to Young Children) and Age Appropriate

Discourse with Children Using Appropriate Language, Turn Taking and Eye Contact

3.3 Practicing Fluency Skills in Verbal Communication: Spontaneous Conversations, Narrations and Loud Reading

3.4 Practicing Skills in Story Telling/ Narrations/ Jokes/ Poems/ Nursery Rhymes

3.5 Ongoing Monitoring and Assessing Auditory Functioning and Speech Development:

Reading Model Formats Used for the Purpose (Checklists, Recordings, Developmental Scales)

### Unit 4: Skill Development Auditory Verbal (AV) Approach

4.1 AV Approach: Meaning, Misconcepts and Justification

4.2 Stages of Auditory Hierarchy 4.3 Understanding Listening Strategies, Techniques of AV Approach and Their Relation to Listening Environment

4.4 Reading Model Plans and Observing a Few Weekly Individual Sessions

4.5 Developing Instructional Material for AVT Sessions Linking Listening, Language and Cognition

### Unit 5: Implementing Oralism and AV Approach in Indian Special Schools & Summing up

5.1 Use Of Oralism and AV Approach in Indian Special Schools: Current Scenario

5.2 Oralism / AV Approach: Prerequisites for Special Schools

5.3 Strategies of Implementation Oral Communication Policy and Fulfilling Prerequisites

5.4 Resource Mobilization For Listening Devices: (ADIP, Organized Charity, CSR, Fund Raising Events, Web Based Fund Raising)

5.5 Reflections On The Course: From Theory to Practice to Initiating Change **Essential Readings** 

- Dhvani (English). Balvidyalaya Publication: Chennai.
- Estabrooks, W. (2006). Auditory-Verbal Therapy And Practice, Ag Bell
- Heller, R. (1999). Managing Change. Dk Publishing: New York.
- Ling, D. (1990). Acoustics, Audition Aand Speech Reception. (Cd)Alexandria, Auditory Verbal International.
- Paul, P. V. (2009). Language and Deafness. Jones And Bartlett: Boston.

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- Directory of Rehabilitation Resources for Persons with Hearing Impairment in India. (2000). AYJNIHH Publication, Mumbai.
- Estabrooks, W., & Marlowe J, (2000). The Baby is Listening, A. G. Bell Association, Washington D.C.
- Estabrooks , W. (2001). 50 Frequently Asked Questions (Faqs) About AuditoryVerbal Therapy. Learning to Listen Foundation.
- Heller, R. (1999). Effective Leadership. Dk Publishing: New York.
- Heller, R. (1999). Managing Change. Dk Publishing: New York.
- Ling, D. (1989). Foundations of Spoken Language for Hearing Impaired Children. A.G.Bell. Washington D.C.
- Ling, D., & Ling, A.H. (1985). Aural Habilitation: The Foundations of Verbal Learning in Hearing Impaired Children. A.G. Bell Association, Washington D.C.
- Edgar, L. L., & Marguerite, S. (1963). Play it by ear! : auditory training games, John Tracy Clinic Publication, Los Angeles.
- Resource Book on Hearing Impairment. AYJNIHH Publication. Unpublished
   Dissertations and Thesis on Profiling Communication Options in Special Schools in
   India.

# COMMUNICATION OPTIONS: MANUAL (INDIAN SIGN LANGUAGE)

#### **Unit 1: Understanding Deafness in Real Life Context**

1.1 Basic Awareness of Paradigms of D/Deafness (Medical and Social)

1.2 Basic Awareness of Deafness and Communicative Challenges / Concerns

1.3 Basic Awareness on Deafness with Reference to Culture, Language, Identity, Minority

Status, Deaf Gain, Literacy and Inclusion

1.4 Basic Awareness of Difference between ISL and ISS; Myths and Facts

1.5 Importance of Neural Plasticity and Early Language Opportunities

#### Unit 2: Advance Understanding of Manual Options and Indian Scenario

2.1 Use of Simcom and Educational Bilingualism in Indian Schools: Current Scenario

2.2 Challenges, Prerequisites and Fulfilling Prerequisites

2.3 Monitoring and Measuring Development of ISL/ISS in Students: Receptive and Expressive Mode

2.4 Training and Guidance for Families and Tuning Home Environment: Current Scenario and Strategies

2.5 Tuning Mainstream Schools/Classrooms for Students Using Manual Communication: Do's and Don'ts

### Unit 3: ISL Skill Development: Middle Order Receptive and Expressive Skills

3.1 Practicing 'Motherese' (Tuning Language to Suit Young Children) and Age Appropriate Discourse with Children with Appropriate Language, Turn Taking and Eye Contact

3.2 Practicing Natural Signing in Short Common Conversations

3.3 Practicing Natural Signing in Stories/Poems/Narrations/Jokes

3.4 Practicing Natural Signing in Discussing Emotions, Expansion of Ideas and Current Affairs 3.5 Practicing Group Dynamics

### Unit 4: ISL Skill Development: Towards Higher Order Receptive and Expressive Skills

4.1 Learning to Express Gender, Number, Person, Tense, Aspect

4.2 Practicing Sentence Types: Affirmative, Interjections, Imperative and Interrogative and Negativization

4.3 Practicing Sentence Types: Simple, Complex, Compound

4.4 Observing Using ISL in Classrooms – Social Science

4.5 Observing Using ISL in Classrooms – Science / Mathematics

### **Unit 5: ISS/ ISL Skill Development and Course Conclusions**

5.1 Practicing Markers (Local Language)

5.2 Practicing Syntax in Conversations and Discussions

5.3 Observing Using ISS/ISL in Classrooms for School Subjects

5.4 Resource Mobilization for Skill Development Training (Organized Charity Sources, CSR,

Fund Raising Events, Web Based Fund Raising)

5.5 Reflections on the Course: From Theory to Practice to Initiating Change

- Communication Options and Students with Deafness. (2010). Rehabilitation Council of India, New Delhi.
- Heller, R. (1999). Managing Change. DK Publishing: New York.
- ISS Learning Material and Dictionaries Paul, P. V. (2009). Language and Deafness. Jones And Bartlett: Boston.
- Teaching Learning ISL Material Developed at AYJNIHH, Mumbai, SRKV, Coimbatore and NISH, Trivandrum
- Zeshan, U. (2000). Sign Language in Indo-Pakistan. John Benjamins Pub. Co, Philadelphia.

- Akamatsu, C. T., & Armour, V. A. (1987). Developing written literacy in deaf children through analyzing sign language, American Annals of the Deaf, 132(1), 46-51.
- Andrews, J.F., Winograd, P., & DeVille, G. (1994). Deaf children reading fables: Using ASL summaries to improve reading comprehension. American Annals of the Deaf, 139(3), 378-386.
- Devych, G. N., Bhattacharya, T., Grover, N., & Randhawa, S.P.K. (2014). Indian Sign Language(S). Orient BlackSwan, Hyderabad.
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- Frank, S. (1985). Reading Without Nonsense.: Teachers College Press, New York.
- Ghate, P. (1996). Indian Sign System. AYJNIHH In-House Publication: Mumbai.
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- Heller, Robert (1999). Effective Leadership. Dk Publishing: New York.
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- Improve Reading Comprehension. American Annals of the Deaf, 139, 378-386.
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- Johnson, R., Liddell, S., & Erting, C. (1989). Unlocking the Curriculum: Principles for Achieving Access in Deaf Language. American Annals of the Deaf, 132, 46-51.
- Lewis, Rena B. & Doorlag, Donald H. (1999). (5th Ed) Teaching Students with Special Needs in General Education Classrooms. Prentice Hall Inc. New Jersy.

• Woodward, J., Vasishta, M., & de Santis, S. (1985). An introduction to the Bangalore variety of Indian Sign Language. Gallaudet Research Institute Monograph No. 4, Gallaudet Research Institute. Washington, D.C

# AUGMENTATIVE AND ALTERNATIVE COMMUNICATION

**Objectives** : The student-teachers will be equipped with a basic knowledge of AAC, AAC systems, AAC assessment, programme planning and strategies:

#### Unit 1: Organizational frame work for Communication:

- 1.1 Normal development of speech, language and communication
- 1.2 Factors that influence communication, speech and language in relation to each other
- 1.3 Levels of communication in children
- 1.3.1 Functional (Emergent)
- 1.3.2 Situational (Context Dependent)
- 1.3.3 iii. Independent ( Creative)

#### **Unit 2: Basic principles of AAC interventions:**

- 2.1 Child Child capacity
- 2.2 Child capacity and context
- 2.3 Working towards symbolic expression
- 2.4 Communication skills
- 2.5 Functions

#### Unit 3: Areas of AAC Assessment:

- 3.1 Sensory areas
- 3.2 Cognition, communication and language
- 3.3 Posture and positioning. Motor planning and control
- 3.4 Scanning
- 3.5 Environment, Interaction & Symbols

#### **Unit 4: Context of Communication:**

- 4.1 Partner /skills , user skills and environment
- 4.2 Competency development types of competencies and its development
- 4.2.1Linguistic competence
- 4.2.20perational Competence
- 4.2.3Social competence
- 4.2.4Strategic competence

#### Unit 5: Introduction to communication tools and Access Mode:

- 5.1 Types of AAC devices and systems
- 5.1.1 No Technology
- 5.1.2 Low Technology
- 5.1.3 High Technology
- 5.2 Access to communication charts hand, finger, eye point
- 5.3 Access to devices:
- 5.3.1 Switches hand switch , blow switch, infrared devices etc
- 5.3.2 Software -scan mode combined with a switch
- 5.4 Selection of AAC
- 5.4.1 Child competency and environment

- 5.4.2 Design, Access, Motor, Devices
- 5.5 Challenges in the development of AAC and Literacy
- 5.5.1 Grammar; spelling
- 5.5.2 Building Vocabulary: and richness of language
- 5.5.3 Motor expression

- Silverman, F.H.(1994).Communication for the Speechless (3rd Edn.). Allyn & Bacon, Boston.
   David R. Beukelman,D.R., & Mirenda,P (2013). Augmentative and Alternative Communication Supporting Children and Adults with Complex Communication Needs (4th Edn.) Brookes Publishing Co. Baltimore.
- Lynch, C., & Cooper, J.(1991).Early Communication Skills: Practical Activities for Teachers and Therapists, Speechmark Publishing Ltd, Bicester, Oxon
- Warrick, A., & Kaul,S.(1997). Their manner of speaking : augmentative communication for children and young adults with severe speech disorders, Indian Institute of Cerebral Palsy, Kolkata
- Communication, compiler: T.N. Southgate. BA, Ormerod School, Oxford, Editor ,G.M. Cochrane MA, FRCP, Equipment for Disabled People, Mary Mariborough Lodge, Nuffield Orthopaedic Centre, Oxford OX3 7 LD
- Tina, D., & Mike, D.(1997).Literacy Through Symbols: Improving Access for Children and Adults, David Fulton Publishers, London.
- McCurtin, A., & Geraldine, M.(2000). The Manual of AAC Assessment. Speechmark Publishing Ltd., London.

# MANAGEMENT OF LEARNING DISABILITY

#### **Unit 1: Learning Disabilities: Types**

1.1 Verbal learning disabilities: Dyslexia, Dysgraphia, Dyscalculia.

- 1.2 Non-verbal learning disabilities
- 1.3 Language Disorders
- 1.4 Associated Conditions: ADHD & ADD
- 1.5 Emotional & Behavioral problems.

#### Unit 2: Assessment of Basic Curricular Skills

- 2.1 Assessment of Readiness Skills
- 2.2 Assessment of Reading, Writing and Math skills
- 2.3 Teacher made test
- 2.4 Standardized Tests: Need, Types & Purpose
- 2.5 Interpretation of Test report

# Unit 3: Intervention Strategies in Basic Skills of Learning

- 3.1 Language skills
- 3.2 Reading
- 3.3 Writing
- 3.4 Math's skills
- 3.5. Study skills

- Bauer, A. M., & Shea, T. M. (2003). Parents and schools: creating a successfu partnership for students with special needs. Merrill Prentice Hall, New Jersey
- Myklebust, H.(1983). Progress in Learning Disabilities, Guene and Stratton New York.
- Reid, K. (1988). Teaching the Learning Disabled, Allyn and Bacon, Baston. Suggested Readings
- Baca, L. M., & Cervantes, H.T. (2004). The Bilingual special education interface. (4th ed) . Pearson. New Jersey
- Browder, D. M. (2001). Curriculum and assessment for students with moderate and severe disabilities. The Guilford Press. New York
- Brunswick, N. (2012). Supporting dyslexic adults in higher education and the workplace. . Wiley-Blackwell. Malden.
- Fitzgibbon, G., & O'Connor, B. (2002). Adult Dyslexia:a guide for the workplace. John Wiley &Sons,Ltd. London.
- Gribben, M.(2012). The study skills toolkit for students with dyslexia. Sage Pub. London
- Karanth, P., & Rozario, J. (2003). Learning disabilities in India : willing the mind to learn. Sage Publication, New Delhi

- Martin, L, C.( 2009). Strategies for teaching students with learning disabilities. . Corwin Press, California
- McCardle, P., Miller, B., Lee, J, R., & Tzeng, O, J.L. (2011). Dyslexia across languages. (orthography and the brain-gene-behavior link) Baltimore. Paul H. Brookes.
- Shula, C. (2000). Understanding children with language problems. Cambridge,New York.

# **VOCATIONAL TRAINING, TRANSITION & JOB PLACEMENT**

#### Unit 1: Fundamentals & Assessment of Vocational Rehabilitation

1.1. Definition, meaning and scope of Vocational Education

1.2. Legislations, policies, agencies, schemes, concessions & benefits for PWDs with respect to employment 1.3. Approaches and models of Vocational training

1.4. Assessment, Evaluation of Generic skills & Specific job skills using various tools 1.5. Approaches & Principles of vocational assessment Unit 2: Vocational Transition & Curriculum Planning

- 2.1. Concept, meaning, importance of transition
- 2.2. Vocational transition models
- 2.3. Transitional Planning at pre-vocational & post-vocational level
- 2.4. Development of Individualized Vocational Transitional Plan
- 2.5. Development of Vocational Curriculum

#### Unit 3: Process of Vocational Rehabilitation & Placement

- 3.1. Types of Employment Settings
- 3.2. Process of Job Placement & Creation of Need-based Employment Settings
- 3.3. Adaptations, Accommodation, Safety Skills and First Aid
- 3.4. Self Advocacy & Self Determination Skill Training
- 3.5. Equal opportunities and attitudes towards persons with disabilities

- McDonnell, J., & Hardman, M.L.(2010). Successful Transition Programs Pathways for Students With Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities, Sage Publications, Los Angeles.
- Kutty, A.T., &. Rao L.G, (2003).Curriculum for Vocational Education, Transition of Persons with Mental Retardation from School to Work. Series -2, NIMH Publications, Secunderabad.
- Kutty, A.T., &. Rao, L.G, (2001). Transition of Persons with Mental Retardation from School to Work A Guide, NIMH Publications, Secunderabad.
- Mukhobadhyay, M., & Kutty A.T. (2006). Principles of Vocational Training, Part-II, DVTE (MR) Manual, Rehabilitation Council of India, Kanishka Publisher, New Delhi.
- Rao, V.K. (2004), Vocational Education, A.P.H. Publishing Corporation, New Delhi.
- Wehmeyer, M. L. (2007). Promoting Self-Determination in Sstudents with Developmental Disabilities, Guilford Press, Washington.
- Whitehead, T. D., & Hughey, J. B. (2004). Exploring Self Advocacy From a Social Power Perspective, Nova Science Publishers, New York

# **BASIC RESEARCH AND STATISTICS**

#### **Unit 1: Introduction to Research**

- 1.1 Scientific Method
- 1.2 Research: Concept and Definition
- 1.3 Application of Scientific Method In Research
- 1.4 Purpose of Research
- 1.5 Research in Education and Special Education

#### **Unit 2: Types and Process of Research**

- 2.1 Types of Research Basic/Fundamental Applied Action
- 2.2 Process of Research Selection of Problem Formulation of Hypothesis Collection of Data
- Analysis of Data & Conclusion
- 2.3 Tools of Research: Tests, Questionnaire, Checklist and Rating Scale
- 2.4 Action Research in Teaching Learning Environment
- 2.5 Professional Competencies for Research

#### Unit 3: Measurement and Analysis of Data

- 3.1 Scale for measurement: Nominal, Ordinal, Interval and Ratio
- 3.2 Organization of data: Array, Grouped distribution

3.3 Measures of central tendency and Dispersion: Mean, Median and Mode, Standard deviation and Quartile deviation

3.4 Correlation: Product Moment and Rank Order Correlation

3.5 Graphic representation of data

- Best, J. W., & Kahn, J. V. (1996). Research in Education Prentice-Hall of India New Delhi.
- Dooley, D. (1997). Social Research Methods. Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi.
- Grewal, P.S. (1990). Methods of Statistical Analysis. Sterling Publishers, New Delhi.
- Guptha, S. (2003). Research Methodology and Statistical Techniques. Deep & Deep Publishing, New Delhi.
- Koul, L. (1996). Methodology of Educational Research. Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi.
- Potti, L.R. (2004). Research Methodology. Yamuna Publications, Thiruvananathapuram.
   Suggested Readings Cohen, J. (1988). Statistical Power Analysis for the Behavioral Sciences. Academic Press, New York.
- Greene, S., & Hogan, D. (2005). Researching children's experience. Sage Publication: London..

Sei	Semester – IV								
E 1: Cross d	E 1: Cross disability & inclusion								
Educational	Disabilit	Specific Activities	Ure						

No.	<b>Tasks</b> for the Student teachers	Educational settings	Disabilit y Focus	Specific Activities	Hrs.	Marks
1.1	Classroom Observation For school subjects at different levels	1. Special schools other than VI 2. Inclusive schools	<ol> <li>Other than VI</li> <li>Any Disabil ity</li> </ol>	Observation For school subjects at different levels Observation For school subjects at different levels	15	25
1.2	Orientation and Mobility Training	College Campus and outside campus	VI	<ul> <li>a) Sighted Guide</li> <li>Technique</li> <li>b) Pre Cane skills</li> <li>c) Cane technique</li> <li>d) Direction finding</li> <li>technique</li> </ul>	60	50
1.3	Teaching lessons on O&M and ADL	Special and inclusive school	VI & MD	Individualized Teaching lessons on orientation and mobility and activities of daily living	30	25
		inclusive school		and mobility and		

Sl. No.	Tasks	Educational	Specific activities	Hrs.	Marks
		settings			
1.1	1. Classroom	Other than	Special Schools for other	60	50
	teaching,	Visual	disabilities		
	development	Impairment			
	of TLM,	VIMD	Special schools or	C	
	document		programmes for Multiple		
	study,		disabilities		
	maintenance			60	50
	of record			60	50
	2. Classroom				
	teaching,				
	development				
	of TLM,				
	document				
	study,				
	maintenance				
	of record				

# F 2: Other Disability Special School

Sl. No.	Tasks	Educational settings	Specific activities	Hrs.	Marks
1.	Classroom teaching with special focus on functional academic skills e.g., Braille, special equipments, preparation of TLM to facilitate inclusion and creating awareness about the needs of children with disabilities	Visually Impaired, seeing children and teachers	Inclusive schools	120 Hrs	100

F 3: Inclusive School